#### 20STCV24819

Assigned for all purposes to: Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Judicial Officer: Terry Green

Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 07/01/2020 03:40 PM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by M. Barel, Deputy Clerk

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6 7		HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
	FOR THE COUNT	Y OF LOS ANGELES
8	JESS REYNOLDS,	) Case No.: 20STCV24819 )
9		) COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES:
10 11	Plaintiff, vs.	<ul> <li>(1) SEX/GENDER HARASSMENT,</li> <li>) VIOLATION OF CAL. <u>GOV. CODE</u></li> <li>) §§ 12940 ET SEQ.;</li> </ul>
12	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	)
13	METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY;	<ul> <li>(2) SEX/GENDER DISCRIMINATION,</li> <li>VIOLATION OF CAL. <u>GOV. CODE</u></li> <li>§§ 12940 ET SEQ.;</li> </ul>
14	BRIAN BERGQUIST, an individual; and DOES 1 through 100,	) ) (3) SEX/GENDER RETALIATION,
15	DOES I unough 100,	) VIOLATIO OF CAL. <u>GOV. CODE</u> §§ ) 12940 ET SEQ.;
16	Defendants.	) ) (4) ACTUAL/PERCEIVED DISABILITY ) HARASSMENT, VIOLATION OF
17		) CAL. GOV. CODE §§ 12940 ET SEQ.;
18 19		<ul> <li>(5) ACTUAL/PERCEIVED DISABILITY</li> <li>DISCRIMINATION, VIOLATION OF</li> <li>CAL. GOV. CODE §§ 12940 ET SEQ.;</li> </ul>
20		) ) (6) ACTUAL/PERCEIVED DISABILITY
21		RETALIATION, VIOLATION OF CAL. GOV. CODE §§ 12940 ET SEQ.;
22 23		) (7) WHISTLEBLOWER VIOLATIONS, ) CAL. <u>LABOR CODE</u> § 1102.5;
24		) (8) INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF
		) EMOTIONAL DISTRESS.
25		) ) JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
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27		)
28		)
	COMPLAINT	1 FOR DAMAGES

COMES NOW PLAINTIFF JESS REYNOLDS (hereinafter referred to as "Reynolds" or "Plaintiff") and complains against the above-named Defendants and for causes of action against the Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

I.

## FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

# For Sex/Gender/Gender Identity or Expression/Transgender/Sexual Orientation

## Harassment in Employment

## [California Government Code §§ 12940 et seq.]

## Against Defendants LACMTA and Brian Bergquist, & DOES 1 Through 100, Only

1. At all times mentioned herein, Plaintiff was, and now is, an individual domiciled in the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

2. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that at all times relevant herein, Defendant LOS ANGELES METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY ("LACMTA") was, and now is, a valid businesses and/or government entities and/or a political subdivisions thereof of form unknown duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, having their principal places of business in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. At all times relevant to this action, LACMTA was an employer of Plaintiff.

18 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that at all times relevant herein,
19 Defendant BRIAN BERGQUIST (hereinafter "Bergquist" and collectively with all other
20 Defendants as "Defendants"), was, and now is, an individual domiciled in the County of Los
21 Angeles, and was a Manager, Officer, Shareholder, Director, Supervisor, Manager, Managing
22 Agent, Owner, Principal, and/or Employee of LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of
23 them.

Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that at all times relevant herein,
Defendant JOSEPH CABORNIDA (hereinafter "Cabornida" and collectively with all other
Defendants as "Defendants"), was, and now is, an individual domiciled in the County of Los
Angeles, and was a Manager, Officer, Shareholder, Director, Supervisor, Manager, Managing

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Agent, Owner, Principal, and/or Employee of LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of 2 them.

5. Plaintiff is ignorant of the true names and capacities, whether corporate, associate, individual, or otherwise, of Defendants sued herein as DOES 1 - 100, inclusive, and therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to assert the true names and capacities of the fictitiously named Defendants when the same have been ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each Defendant designated as "DOES" herein is legally responsible for the events, happenings, acts, occurrences, indebtedness, damages and liabilities hereinafter alleged and caused injuries and damages proximately thereby to the Plaintiff, as hereinafter alleged.

6. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants named herein has, at all times relevant to this action, been the officer, agent, employee and/or representative of the remaining Defendants and has acted within the course and scope of such agency and employment, and with the permission and consent of the co-defendants.

7. Plaintiff was an employee of Defendant LACMTA for approximately five years beginning in or around July 2015 as a Signal Inspector, working his way up to Relief Lead.

8. At all times relevant herein, has been an employee disabled by a severe and debilitating disability, including anxiety and depression, among other related conditions and/or disabilities, Plaintiff is a member of a protected class pursuant to the Fair Employment & Housing Act.

9. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff has been an actual, perceived, and/or potentially disabled person within the meaning of Cal. Gov. Code §§ 12926.1(b) et seq., because Plaintiff was a person with an actual, perceived, potentially disabling, and/or potentially disabling in the future physical/mental disability(s) including, but not limited to: anxiety and depression, among other related conditions and/or disabilities.

10. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was able to perform the essential functions of Plaintiff's job either with and/or without reasonable accommodations.

11. On a severe and/or pervasive basis during Plaintiff's employment with Defendant LACMTA continuing through at least July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendants LACMTA and

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Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, harassed Plaintiff due to and substantially motivated by Plaintiff's sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, and sexual orientation, and subjected Plaintiff to a hostile work environment through the following actions, among others on a severe and/or pervasive basis:

a) In or around January 2016, Plaintiff informed LACMTA's EEO department – specifically, Jonaura Wisdom – that he is transgender and identifies as male.

b) Shortly thereafter, Defendant LACMTA held a meeting with its employees in which it purposely intimidated its employees from asking questions regarding Plaintiff's gender identity, creating a situation in which everyone knew Plaintiff was transgender but treated him differently because they were afraid to say the wrong thing.

c) In or around June 2016, in an effort to intimidate Plaintiff due in substantial part to his sex/gender, Defendant Bergquist commented about another employee, Cynthia Rivera, an employee of which it is common knowledge within the department that is not heterosexual, "If I had a chance, I would be happy to push [co-worker] Cynthia Rivera in front of a high rail vehicle."

d) Critically, Ms. Rivera had a gender nonconforming appearance, thereby directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory animus towards homosexual and/or transgender or gender nonconforming individuals. Additionally, Ms. Rivera had been open about having a variety of gender nonconforming interests.

e) In or around July 2016, in response to witnessing Defendant Bergquist's violent comments, Plaintiff lodged a formal written complaint with Department Manager Ricardo Moran.

 f) However, Department Manager Moran took no remedial or disciplinary action towards Defendant Bergquist's harassing comments and therefore, Defendant LACMTA, through its Department Manager, ratified and condoned Mr. Bergquist's unlawful conduct.

g) In or around August or September 2016, Plaintiff and his co-worker, LawrenceLee were assigned to be trained by Defendant Bergquist at Union Station.

i. Defendant Bergquist took care to slowly walk Mr. Lee through the training, making sure to thoroughly explain everything to him and ensure Mr. Lee had an understanding of what was supposed to be done.

 When it came to Plaintiff' part of the training, Defendant Bergquist simply left Plaintiff's presence with Mr. Lee to discuss blueprints, knowing that Plaintiff had no knowledge of how to perform the tasks he was supposed to, since Defendant Bergquist was supposed to be training him on said tasks.

Rather, when Plaintiff approached Defendant Bergquist for assistance, Mr.
 Bergquist began yelling at and insulting Plaintiff in front of his co-worker, in an effort to belittle Plaintiff, based in substantial part on his sex/gender, transgender.

h) Indeed, Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to continually harass Plaintiff on a severe and/or pervasive basis.

i) For instance, Lawrence Lee was given his own truck, while Plaintiff was purposely placed with another worker, who had seniority and clearly should have been given his own truck instead of Mr. Lee.

j) Due to the severe and/or pervasive harassment that Plaintiff was facing from
 Defendant Bergquist, Plaintiff complained to Defendant Joseph Cabornida.

k) Plaintiff informed Defendant Cabornida of the severe and/or pervasive unlawful conduct and comments he was facing from Defendant Bergquist, of which Defendant Cabornida admitted he had been aware.

 For instance, Lawrence Lee stated to Plaintiff, "You are going to be stuck with [Supervisor Bergquist] forever," laughing.

m) In fact, rather than stop the harassment, Defendant Cabornida stated to Plaintiff,
"My only responsibility is to manage work, not interpersonal relationships, and
[Defendant Bergquist] is not violating any policies."

 n) However, this was untrue, as Defendant LACMTA has a claimed anti-harassment and anti-bullying policy, which was clearly being violated, as evidenced by Defendant Cabornida's aforesaid admission.

o) As such, Defendant LACMTA was put on notice of FEHA and other policy violations, and ratified and condoned the unlawful harassment, discrimination, and retaliation that Plaintiff was facing due in substantial part to his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, and related complaints thereto.

p) In or around late 2016, Defendant Bergquist began refusing to tell Plaintiff and Cynthia Rivera what their assignments were but would tell all the other employees under him what their assignments were.

q) This forced Plaintiff to have to ask around to simply find out what he was supposed to do.

r) In addition, Lawrence Lee would not show up for job assignments but would never face disciplinary action, while Plaintiff regularly faced scrutiny and being overly monitored as a biased personnel management decision on a severe and/or pervasive basis.
s) In or around February 2017, Plaintiff was working on an independent capital improvement project under the direction of Manager Gary Ambrozich.

t) Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to go to the location where Plaintiff was working, and as a biased personnel management decision, scrutinize and monitor his work, and subsequently tell Manager Ambrozich that Plaintiff did something wrong in order to further harass Plaintiff, even though Defendant Bergquist was not Plaintiff's direct supervisor at that time.

u) Defendant Bergquist's biased personnel management decision to not address the issue he found and to circumvent Plaintiff to go directly to Manager Ambrozich is direct evidence of Defendant Bergquist's harassment.

v) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff was forced to take a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice of per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

w) In or around June 2019, Plaintiff returned from his leave and was placed on a shift in which his direct supervisor was Defendant Lead Bergquist.

x) Upon Plaintiff's return, he experienced the same unlawful and harassing conduct on account of his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, and/or sexual orientation.
y) For instance, Defendant Bergquist referred to Cynthia Rivera as "Mini Rambo," in direct reference to her gender nonconforming appearance. Defendant Bergquist purposefully made this comment in the presence of Plaintiff in order to harass, having known that Plaintiff is a transgender individual.
z) In fact, Defendant Bergquist came to Plaintiff's shared workspace on a severe and/or pervasive basis, where Defendant Bergquist did not work, and made comments

and/or pervasive basis, where Defendant Bergquist did not work, and made comments regarding females, such as one directed towards Heavy Rail Inspector Esther Ang, "I was worried she was going to come to Third Shift but I guess she doesn't want to work, so she stayed on Second Shift."

aa) Defendant Bergquist made this and other gender-charged comments in order to harass and intimidate Plaintiff. Defendant Bergquist going out of his way to come to an area where he did not work in order to make gender-charged comments in the presence of Plaintiff is yet more evidence of his harassment.

bb) On or about June 20, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a Project Briefing meeting with Defendant Bergquist and Supervisor Moses Jones in which Defendant Bergquist was told to discuss the details of his current project with Plaintiff, give him copies of prints, take Plaintiff for an on-site walkthrough, among other things.

cc) The very next day, on or about June 21, 2019, Plaintiff noticed that Defendant Bergquist had, as a biased personnel management decision, assigned himself and another employee, Tuan Nguyen, to work on what Plaintiff was supposed to work on and assigned Plaintiff elsewhere.

dd) Plaintiff then directly asked Defendant Bergquist whether he had any plans tofollow Supervisor Jones' instructions to brief him on the project, to which DefendantBergquist responded that Plaintiff could go look at the room in question on his own if hewanted to.

ee) As a result, Plaintiff emailed Manager Ambrozich and Supervisor Jones, protesting and asking to be relieved of responsibility for the project and detailed why, including his fear of worsening harassment by Lead Shift Bergquist.

ff) Moreover, on or about June 22, 2019, contrary to Plaintiff's request and without supervision talking to him beforehand, Plaintiff was forced into another project briefing meeting with Moses Jones, Joseph Cabornida, Brian Bergquist, Tuan Nguyen, and Mai Cowart.

gg) Supervisor Jones reiterated that he wanted Defendant Bergquist to share the previously requested information with Plaintiff, at which point Plaintiff informed Defendant Bergquist he had requested to be excused from the project completely. Supervisor Jones thereafter left rapidly, stating that it was a "Third shift issue," so it was not his responsibility.

hh) To wit, Plaintiff explained that he was not interested in trying to force Defendant Bergquist to collaborate with him when he has a track record of clearly not being interested in doing so.

ii) In response, Defendant Bergquist brought up Plaintiff having reported him for his comments regarding Cynthia Rivera in 2016, explicitly admitting his retaliatory animus against Plaintiff from 2016 to 2019 for having complained regarding his unlawful comments, which violated both the FEHA and LACMTA policy. Egregiously, this comment was made in the presence of Manager Cabornida, to which there was no reaction and against which no remedial or disciplinary action was taken.

jj) Despite Defendant Bergquist's astonishing admission that he had been retaliating against and harassing Plaintiff for three years, Defendant Cabornida proceeded to tell Plaintiff that it was *his* attitude, *not* Defendant's Bergquist's behavior, that was causing Plaintiff's problems, and that discussing the problem and/or seeking help was, in his opinion, unprofessional. kk) Further, Mr. Cabornida referred to the original complaint that Plaintiff filed in 2016 as "what [he] did to [Defendant Bergquist]," and stated that Plaintiff is making a power grab to "get [his] way."

II) Defendant Cabornida finished the meeting by stating to Plaintiff that Defendant Bergquist was in charge, and that as long as he did not tell Plaintiff to do something unsafe, that Plaintiff *had to* do whatever Defendant Bergquist told him to do.

mm) On or about August 7, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a meeting in order to resolve the ongoing issues with Defendant Bergquist. Present at this meeting were Defendant Cabornida, Manager Ambrozich, and Director Moran.

nn) Once again, Defendant Bergquist berated Plaintiff and told him *in front of three different levels of management*, "If you don't like the way you are being treated, unemployment is very low, and you should go find another job." All three levels of supervisors sat by and watched and did nothing to remediate the unlawful harassment of Plaintiff, thereby ratifying and condoning Defendant Bergquist's conduct.

oo) On or about November 15, 2019, while working at the Westlake Station, Plaintiff realized he had forgotten some equipment and asked Defendant Bergquist whether he had the equipment, to which Defendant Bergquist stated he did not, forcing Plaintiff to go retrieve the equipment.

pp) However, upon Plaintiff's return, Defendant Bergquist disclosed that *there was actually no work that needed to be done by Plaintiff on the rail*, meaning he had forced Plaintiff to go back and forth for no reason except to harass Plaintiff.

qq) Towards the end of November 2019, Plaintiff managed to bid onto on a different shift, which would mean he would be away from Defendant Bergquist for at least six months. Subsequently, during the department's job briefing, Defendant Cabornida began criticizing the employees, including Plaintiff, for being behind on relay testing.

rr) In response, Plaintiff explained that they were behind because they had not been properly trained, at which point Defendant Bergquist shouted, "I am not going to listen to

this individual," a direct reference to Plaintiff's transgender status and directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

ss) At that point, Plaintiff disclosed that he was changing shifts, to which Defendant Bergquist responded sarcastically, "I heard about the good news," and attempting to shake Plaintiff' hand in an effort to physically intimidate him.

tt) Ultimately, due to the hostile work environment Plaintiff faced since his hiring byLACMTA, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim.

uu) However, despite LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's status as transgender,
 LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic.
 vv) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to
 complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed
 book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative
 therapy."

ww) When Plaintiff went into his evaluation, the doctor he spoke to, obviously having knowledge that Plaintiff is transgender, inquired and/or commented about the following:

About Plaintiff' plans (or lack thereof) for genital surgery;

ii. Expressed skepticism regarding the number of trans people today as opposed to 30 years ago;

iii. Asked what Plaintiff name was previously;

iv. Asked which gender(s) Plaintiff was attracted to; and

v. Spoke about Dr. John Money as a respected researcher (Money claimed that gender identity is primarily learned, not innate).

xx) Lastly, the scheduling letter for Plaintiff stated that the appointment would last between three and four hours, but he was kept for six hours.

yy) Plaintiff continues to be treated differently, disparately, and negatively because of his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender, and/or his sexual orientation, including but not limited to Defendants harassing Plaintiff (as aforesaid),

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denying Plaintiff opportunities, unfairly disciplining Plaintiff, and overly monitoring and scrutinizing Plaintiff.

zz) At least through the July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, failed and/or refused to investigate Plaintiff's complaints and take appropriate remedial actions.

12. In doing the acts alleged herein, Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were substantially motivated by Plaintiff's sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his being transgender, and/or sexual orientation.

13. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff believes and further alleges that Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, and/or their agents/representatives failed to timely, properly, and/or completely investigate the harassment Plaintiff was routinely subjected to, and instead ratified and condoned the unlawful conduct.

14. The acts and conduct of Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, as aforesaid, were in violation of California <u>Government Code</u> §§ 12940 et seq. Said statutes impose certain duties upon Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, concerning harassment against persons, such as Plaintiff, on the basis of sex/gender, gender identity or expression, transgender, and/or sexual orientation harassment. Said statutes were intended to prevent the type of injury and damage herein set forth.

15. By the acts and conduct described above, Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, in violation of said statutes, knew about, or should have known about, and failed to investigate and/or properly investigate, prevent or remedy the sex/gender, gender identity or expression, transgender, and/or sexual orientation harassment. The acts of harassment described herein were sufficiently pervasive so as to alter the conditions of employment, and created an abusive working environment.

16. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, Plaintiff filed a timely complaint against each named
Defendant with the DFEH pursuant to Cal. <u>Government Code</u> § 12900 et seq. and has received
Right-to-Sue notices in a California Superior Court pursuant to California <u>Government Code</u> §

12965(b). Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A" are said Complaints and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "B" are said Right-to-Sue notices and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Plaintiff has therefore exhausted her administrative remedies under the California <u>Government Code</u>.

17. As a direct and legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff was rendered sick, sore, lame, disabled and/or disordered, both internally and externally, and/or suffered, among other things, numerous internal injuries, severe fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety.

18. As a further legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff has been forced and/or will be forced to incur expenses for medical care, X-rays, and/or laboratory costs during the period of Plaintiff's disability, and is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that he will in the future be forced to incur additional expenses of the same nature, all in an amount which is at present unknown. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the exact amount of said expenses at the time of trial.

19. Prior to the occurrence of the incidents, Plaintiff was an able-bodied individual, but since said incidents has been unable to engage fully in Plaintiff's occupation, and is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will be fully and/or partially incapacitated and/or unable to perform Plaintiff's usual work for an indefinite period of time in the future, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount which is at present unascertained. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the total amount of loss of earnings at the time of trial.

20. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff has been caused, and did suffer, and continues to suffer severe and permanent emotional and mental distress and anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety. The exact nature and extent of said injuries is presently unknown to Plaintiff, who will pray leave of court to assert the same when they are ascertained.

7 21. The aforementioned acts of Defendant Bergquist and DOES 1 through 100, and each of
8 them, were willful, wanton, malicious, intentional, oppressive and/or despicable and were done

in willful and conscious disregard of the rights, welfare and safety of Plaintiff, thereby justifying the awarding of punitive and exemplary damages against Defendant Bergquist and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, in an amount to be determined at the time of trial pursuant to California <u>Civil Code</u> § 3294(a) and (b).

22. By the aforesaid acts and conduct of Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff has been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages pursuant to California <u>Civil Code</u> § 3333 including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, medical and related expenses for care and procedures both now and in the future, attorneys' fees, and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained, for which Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend when ascertained.

23. As a result of the harassing acts of Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist, and DOES 1 through 100, as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of said suit as specifically provided in California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b).

24. The FEHA also provides remedies, including but not limited to, declaratory and injunctive relief. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to both declaratory and injunctive relief as a result of the unlawful conduct of Defendants LACMTA and Bergquist.

25. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

## II.

## **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

For Sex/Gender/Gender Identity or Expression/Transgender/Sexual Orientation

## **Discrimination in Employment**

## [California Government Code §§ 12940 et seq.]

## Against Defendant LACMTA & DOES 1 Through 100, Only

26. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference and re-alleges each and every paragraph in this Complaint as though duly set forth in full herein.

27. Defendant LACMTA employed at least five employees during all relevant time periods of Plaintiff's employment.

1 28. Throughout Plaintiff's employment, occurring continuously through July 1, 2020, and
2 continuing thereafter, Plaintiff was treated differently in the terms and conditions of his
3 employment due to his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his being transgender, and/or
4 sexual orientation, pursuant to Cal. <u>Gov. Code</u> § 12926(r)(1).

29. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff's sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his being transgender, and/or sexual orientation made him a member of protected classes pursuant to the Fair Employment & Housing Act ("FEHA").

30. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was qualified for and competently performed the position he held throughout her employment with Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them.

31. As a result of and substantially motivated by Plaintiff's sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his being transgender, and/or sexual orientation, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, subjected Plaintiff to discriminatory treatment and/or adverse employment actions including the following, among others:

a) In or around January 2016, Plaintiff informed LACMTA's EEO department – specifically, Jonaura Wisdom – that he is transgender and identifies as male.

b) Shortly thereafter, Defendant LACMTA held a meeting with its employees in which it purposely intimidated its employees from asking questions regarding Plaintiff's gender identity, creating a situation in which everyone knew Plaintiff was transgender but treated him differently because they were afraid to say the wrong thing.

c) In or around June 2016, in an effort to intimidate Plaintiff due in substantial part to his sex/gender, Defendant Bergquist commented about another employee, Cynthia Rivera, an employee of which it is common knowledge within the department that is not heterosexual, "If I had a chance, I would be happy to push [co-worker] Cynthia Rivera in front of a high rail vehicle."

d) Critically, Ms. Rivera had a gender nonconforming appearance, thereby directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory animus towards homosexual and/or

transgender or gender nonconforming individuals. Additionally, Ms. Rivera had been open about having a variety of gender nonconforming interests.

e) In or around July 2016, in response to witnessing Defendant Bergquist's violent comments, Plaintiff lodged a formal written complaint with Department Manager Ricardo Moran.

f) However, Department Manager Moran took no remedial or disciplinary action towards Defendant Bergquist's harassing comments and therefore, Defendant LACMTA, through its Department Manager, ratified and condoned Mr. Bergquist's unlawful discriminatory conduct.

g) In or around August or September 2016, Plaintiff and his co-worker, LawrenceLee were assigned to be trained by Defendant Bergquist at Union Station.

- i. Defendant Bergquist took care to slowly walk Mr. Lee through the training, making sure to thoroughly explain everything to him and ensure Mr. Lee had an understanding of what was supposed to be done.
- When it came to Plaintiff' part of the training, Defendant Bergquist simply left Plaintiff's presence with Mr. Lee to discuss blueprints, knowing that Plaintiff had no knowledge of how to perform the tasks he was supposed to, since Defendant Bergquist was supposed to be training him on said tasks.

Rather, when Plaintiff approached Defendant Bergquist for assistance, Mr.
 Bergquist began yelling at and insulting Plaintiff in front of his co-worker, in an effort to belittle Plaintiff, based in substantial part on his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his being transgender, and/or sexual orientation.

 h) Indeed, Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to continually harass Plaintiff on a severe and/or pervasive basis.

i) Moreover, Lawrence Lee stated to Plaintiff, "You are going to be stuck with [Supervisor Bergquist] forever," laughing.

j) Due to the severe and/or pervasive harassment that Plaintiff was facing from
 Defendant Bergquist, Plaintiff complained to Defendant Joseph Cabornida.

k) Plaintiff informed Defendant Cabornida of the discriminatory and unlawful conduct and comments he was facing from Defendant Bergquist on a severe and/or pervasive basis, of which Defendant Cabornida admitted he had been aware.

 In fact, rather than stop the harassment, Defendant Cabornida stated to Plaintiff, "My only responsibility is to manage work, not interpersonal relationships, and [Defendant Bergquist] is not violating any policies," thereby directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

m) However, this was untrue, as Defendant LACMTA has a claimed anti-harassment and anti-bullying policy, which was clearly being violated, as evidenced by Defendant Cabornida's aforesaid admission.

n) As such, Defendant LACMTA was put on notice of FEHA and other policy violations, and ratified and condoned the unlawful harassment, discrimination, and retaliation that Plaintiff was facing due in substantial part to his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, and related complaints thereto.

 o) In or around late 2016, Defendant Bergquist began refusing to tell Plaintiff and Cynthia Rivera what their assignments were but would tell all the other employees under him what their assignments were, directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

p) This forced Plaintiff to have to ask around to simply find out what he was supposed to do.

q) In addition, Lawrence Lee would not show up for job assignments but would never face disciplinary action, while Plaintiff regularly faced scrutiny and being overly monitored as a biased personnel management decision on a severe and/or pervasive basis, directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory animus.

r) In or around February 2017, Plaintiff was working on an independent capital improvement project under the direction of Manager Gary Ambrozich.

s) Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to go to the location where Plaintiff was working, and as a biased personnel management decision, scrutinize and monitor his work, and subsequently tell Manager Ambrozich that Plaintiff did something wrong in

order to further harass Plaintiff, even though Defendant Bergquist was not Plaintiff's direct supervisor at that time.

t) Defendant Bergquist's biased personnel management decision to not address the issue he found and to circumvent Plaintiff to go directly to Manager Ambrozich is direct evidence of Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory animus.

u) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff was forced to take a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice of per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

v) In or around June 2019, Plaintiff returned from his leave and was placed on a shift in which his direct supervisor was Defendant Lead Bergquist.

w) Upon Plaintiff's return, he experienced the same unlawful and harassing conduct on account of his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, and/or sexual orientation.

x) For instance, Defendant Bergquist referred to Cynthia Rivera as "Mini Rambo," in direct reference to her gender nonconforming appearance. Defendant Bergquist purposefully made this comment in the presence of Plaintiff in order to harass, having known that Plaintiff is a transgender individual, directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

y) In fact, Defendant Bergquist came to Plaintiff's shared workspace on a severe and/or pervasive basis, where Defendant Bergquist did not work, and made comments regarding females, such as one directed towards Heavy Rail Inspector Esther Ang, "I was worried she was going to come to Third Shift but I guess she doesn't want to work, so she stayed on Second Shift."

z) Defendant Bergquist made this and other gender-charged comments in order to harass and intimidate Plaintiff. Defendant Bergquist going out of his way to come to an area where he did not work in order to make gender-charged comments in the presence of Plaintiff is yet more direct evidence of his discriminatory animus.

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aa) On or about June 20, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a Project Briefing meeting with Defendant Bergquist and Supervisor Moses Jones in which Defendant Bergquist was told to discuss the details of his current project with Plaintiff, give him copies of prints, take Plaintiff for an on-site walkthrough, among other things.

bb) The very next day, on or about June 21, 2019, Plaintiff noticed that Defendant Bergquist had, as a biased personnel management decision, assigned himself and another employee, Tuan Nguyen, to work on what Plaintiff was supposed to work on and assigned Plaintiff elsewhere, once again directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

cc) Plaintiff then directly asked Defendant Bergquist whether he had any plans to follow Supervisor Jones' instructions to brief him on the project, to which Defendant Bergquist responded that Plaintiff could go look at the room in question on his own if he wanted to.

dd) As a result, Plaintiff emailed Manager Ambrozich and Supervisor Jones, protesting and asking to be relieved of responsibility for the project and detailed why, including his fear of worsening discrimination by Lead Shift Bergquist.

ee) Moreover, on or about June 22, 2019, contrary to Plaintiff's request and without supervision talking to him beforehand, Plaintiff was forced into another project briefing meeting with Moses Jones, Joseph Cabornida, Brian Bergquist, Tuan Nguyen, and Mai Cowart.

ff) Supervisor Jones reiterated that he wanted Defendant Bergquist to share the previously requested information with Plaintiff, at which point Plaintiff informed Defendant Bergquist he had requested to be excused from the project completely. Supervisor Jones thereafter left rapidly, stating that it was a "Third shift issue," so it was not his responsibility.

gg) To wit, Plaintiff explained that he was not interested in trying to force Defendant Bergquist to collaborate with him when he has a track record of clearly not being interested in doing so. hh) In response, Defendant Bergquist brought up Plaintiff having reported him for his comments regarding Cynthia Rivera in 2016, explicitly admitting his discriminatory and retaliatory animus against Plaintiff from 2016 to 2019 for having complained regarding his unlawful comments, which violated both the FEHA and LACMTA policy. Egregiously, this comment was made in the presence of Manager Cabornida, to which there was no reaction and against which no remedial or disciplinary action was taken.

ii) Despite Defendant Bergquist's astonishing admission that he had been harassing, discriminating, and retaliating against Plaintiff for three years, Defendant Cabornida proceeded to tell Plaintiff that it was *his* attitude, *not* Defendant's Bergquist's behavior, that was causing Plaintiff's "problems," and that discussing the problem and/or seeking help was, in his opinion, unprofessional.

jj) Further, Mr. Cabornida referred to the original complaint that Plaintiff filed in 2016 as "what [he] did to [Defendant Bergquist]," and stated that Plaintiff is making a power grab to "get [his] way," directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

kk) Defendant Cabornida finished the meeting by stating to Plaintiff that Defendant Bergquist was in charge, and that as long as he did not tell Plaintiff to do something unsafe, that Plaintiff *had to* do whatever Defendant Bergquist told him to do.

II) On or about August 7, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a meeting in order to resolve
 the ongoing issues with Defendant Bergquist. Present at this meeting were Defendant
 Cabornida, Manager Ambrozich, and Director Moran.

mm) Once again, Defendant Bergquist berated Plaintiff and told him *in front of three different levels of management*, "If you don't like the way you are being treated, unemployment is very low, and you should go find another job." All three levels of supervisors sat by and watched and did nothing to remediate the unlawful harassment of and discrimination against Plaintiff, thereby ratifying and condoning Defendant Bergquist's conduct.

nn) On or about November 15, 2019, while working at the Westlake Station, Plaintiff realized he had forgotten some equipment and asked Defendant Bergquist whether he had

the equipment, to which Defendant Bergquist stated he did not, forcing Plaintiff to go retrieve the equipment.

oo) However, upon Plaintiff's return, Defendant Bergquist disclosed that *there was actually no work that needed to be done by Plaintiff on the rail*, demonstrating he had forced Plaintiff to go back and forth for no reason except to harass Plaintiff, thereby directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

pp) Towards the end of November 2019, Plaintiff managed to bid onto on a different shift, which would mean he would be away from Defendant Bergquist for at least six months. Subsequently, during the department's job briefing, Defendant Cabornida began criticizing the employees, including Plaintiff, for being behind on relay testing.

qq) In response, Plaintiff explained that they were behind because they had not been properly trained, at which point Defendant Bergquist shouted, "I am not going to listen to this individual," a direct reference to Plaintiff's transgender status and directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

rr) At that point, Plaintiff disclosed that he was changing shifts, to which Defendant Bergquist responded sarcastically, "I heard about the good news," and attempting to shake Plaintiff' hand in an effort to physically intimidate him.

ss) Ultimately, due to the hostile work environment Plaintiff faced since his hiring by LACMTA, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim.

tt) However, despite LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's status as transgender,LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic,directly evidencing its discriminatory animus.

uu) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

vv) When Plaintiff went into his evaluation, the doctor he spoke to, obviously having knowledge that Plaintiff is transgender, inquired and/or commented about the following:

1	i. About Plaintiff' plans (or lack thereof) for genital surgery;	
2	ii. Expressed skepticism regarding the number of trans people today as	
3	opposed to 30 years ago;	
4	iii. Asked what Plaintiff name was previously;	
5	iv. Asked which gender(s) Plaintiff was attracted to; and	
6	v. Spoke about Dr. John Money as a respected researcher (Money claimed	
7	that gender identity is primarily learned, not innate).	
8	ww) Lastly, the scheduling letter for Plaintiff stated that the appointment would last	
9	between three and four hours, but he was kept for six hours.	
10	xx) Plaintiff continues to be treated differently, disparately, and negatively because of	
11	his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender, and/or his sexual	
12	orientation, including but not limited to Defendants harassing Plaintiff (as aforesaid),	
13	denying Plaintiff opportunities, unfairly disciplining Plaintiff, and overly monitoring and	
14	scrutinizing Plaintiff.	
15	yy) At least through the July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and	
16	DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, failed and/or refused to investigate Plaintiff's	
17	complaints and take appropriate remedial actions.	
18	32. In doing the acts alleged herein, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and	
19	each of them, were substantially motivated by Plaintiff's sex/gender, gender identity or	
20	expression, his being transgender, and/or sexual orientation.	
21	33. Plaintiff is informed, believes, and herein alleges that other gender conforming, non-	
22	transgender, and/or heterosexual employees were not similarly subjected to such treatment.	
23	34. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff believes and further alleges that Defendant	
24	LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and/or their agents/representatives failed to timely,	
25	properly, and/or completely investigate the discrimination Plaintiff was routinely subjected to,	
26	and instead ratified and condoned the unlawful conduct.	
27	35. The acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of	
28	them, as aforesaid, were in violation of Cal. Gov. Code §§ 12940 et seq. Said statutes impose	

certain duties upon Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, concerning discrimination against persons, such as Plaintiff, on the basis of sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender, and/or sexual orientation. Said statutes were intended to prevent the type of injury and damage herein set forth.

36. By the acts and conduct described above, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, in violation of said statutes, knew about, or should have known about, and failed to investigate and/or properly investigate, prevent or remedy the sex/gender, gender identity or expression, transgender, and/or sexual orientation discrimination.

37. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, Plaintiff filed a timely complaint against each named Defendant with the DFEH pursuant to Cal. <u>Gov. Code</u> § 12900 et seq. and has received Right-to-Sue notices in a California Superior Court pursuant to California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b). Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A" are said Complaints and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "B" are said Right-to-Sue notices and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Plaintiff has therefore exhausted his administrative remedies under the California <u>Government Code</u>.

38. As a direct and legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff was rendered sick, sore, lame, disabled and/or disordered, both internally and externally, and/or suffered, among other things, numerous internal injuries, severe fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety.

39. As a further legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been forced and/or will be forced to incur expenses for medical care, X-rays, and/or laboratory costs during the period of Plaintiff's disability, and is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that he will in the future be forced to incur additional expenses of the same nature, all in an amount which is at present unknown. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the exact amount of said expenses at the time of trial.

40. Prior to the occurrence of the incidents, Plaintiff was an able-bodied individual, but since
said incidents has been unable to engage fully in Plaintiff's occupation, and is informed and
believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will be fully and/or partially incapacitated and/or

unable to perform Plaintiff's usual work for an indefinite period of time in the future, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount which is at present unascertained. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the total amount of loss of earnings at the time of trial.

41. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff has been caused, and did suffer, and continues to suffer severe and permanent emotional and mental distress and anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety. The exact nature and extent of said injuries is presently unknown to Plaintiff, who will pray leave of court to assert the same when they are ascertained.

42. By the aforesaid acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff has been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages pursuant to California <u>Civil Code</u> § 3333 including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, medical and related expenses for care and procedures both now and in the future, attorneys' fees, and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained, for which Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend when ascertained.

43. As a result of the discriminatory acts of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of said suit as specifically provided in California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b).

44. The FEHA also provides remedies, including but not limited to, declaratory and injunctive relief. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to both declaratory and injunctive relief as a result of the unlawful conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them.

45. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

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1	III.		
2	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION		
3	For Sex/Gender/Gender Identity or Expression/Transgender/Sexual Orientation in		
4	Employment		
5	[California <u>Government Code</u> §§ 12940 et seq.]		
6	Against Defendant LACMTA & DOES 1 Through 100, Only		
7	46. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference and re-alleges each and every paragraph in this		
8	Complaint as though duly set forth in full herein.		
9	47. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff's sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his		
10	being transgender, and/or sexual orientation made him a member of protected classes pursuant to		
11	the Fair Employment & Housing Act ("FEHA").		
12	48. Starting during Plaintiff's employment with Defendant LACMTA, continuing through		
13	July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them,		
14	retaliated against Plaintiff as a result of Plaintiff asserting his legal rights and/or complaining		
15	about and/or protesting against the sex/gender, gender identity or expression, transgender, and/or		
16	sexual orientation harassment and discrimination Plaintiff was subjected to.		
17	49. Plaintiff asserted his legal rights, for example partaking in protected activity and		
18	protesting and complaining, on the following occasions, among others:		
19	a) In or around January 2016, Plaintiff informed LACMTA's EEO department –		
20	specifically, Jonaura Wisdom – that he is transgender and identifies as male.		
21	b) In or around July 2016, in response to witnessing Defendant Bergquist's violent		
22	comments regarding Cynthia Rivera, an individual with a gender nonconforming		
23	appearance and known to be non-heterosexual, Plaintiff lodged a formal written		
24	complaint with Department Manager Ricardo Moran.		
25	c) In or around December 2016 Plaintiff complained to Defendant Cabornida of the		
26	harassing and discriminatory conduct and comments he was facing from Defendant		
27	Bergquist on a severe and/or pervasive basis, of which Defendant Cabornida admitted he		
28	had been aware.		
	24 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES		
	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES		

d) In or around June 2019, Plaintiff then directly asked Defendant Bergquist whether he had any plans to follow Supervisor Jones' instructions to brief him on the project, to which Defendant Bergquist responded that Plaintiff could go look at the room in question on his own if he wanted to.

e) On or about June 22, 2019, as a result, Plaintiff emailed Manager Ambrozich and Supervisor Jones, protesting and asking to be relieved of responsibility for the project and detailed why, including his fear of worsening discrimination by Defendant Bergquist.

f) Subsequently, on or about June 25, 2019, Plaintiff then escalated his complaints to the Equal Employment Opportunity department at LACMTA to address the unlawful harassment, discrimination, and retaliation he had been facing. However, the EEO department referred Plaintiff to the HEAR department. Accordingly, Plaintiff began documenting and sending emails to HEAR on a consistent basis as unlawful conduct occurred in the workplace.

g) Towards the end of November 2019, during a job briefing in which employees were criticized for being behind on relay testing, Plaintiff complained that they were not being properly trained.

h) On or about November 28, 2019, Plaintiff complained to Jessenia Rowe in
 Human Resources regarding the harassment and discrimination he was experiencing at
 the hands of Defendant Bergquist on a severe and/or pervasive basis.

 i) On or about December 3, 2019, Plaintiff again complained to Jessenia Rowe in HR regarding the harassment and discrimination he was experiencing at the hands of Defendant Bergquist on a severe and/or pervasive basis, specifically detailing in a timeline his experiences.

j) Ultimately, due to the hostile work environment Plaintiff faced since his hiring by
 LACMTA, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim in or around December
 2019

k) On or about January 21, 2020, Plaintiff complained to LACMTA regarding the incident at the conversion therapy clinic along with pictures as evidence.

 On or about June 2, 2020, Plaintiff sent Defendants a Notice of Claims Letter and Request for Employment Records, outlining in detail his potential claims against Defendants, including his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, transgender, and/or sexual orientation harassment, discrimination, and retaliation claims.

50. However, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, retaliated against Plaintiff, due to and substantially motivated by Plaintiff's actual/perceived disability(s), requesting accommodations, or protected finite leave, and/or due to Plaintiff engaging in the aforesaid legally protected activities (complaints/protests), through the following actions, among others:

a) In or around January 2016, shortly after Plaintiff informed Defendant LACMTA of his transgender status, Defendant LACMTA held a meeting with its employees in which it purposely intimidated its employees from asking questions regarding Plaintiff's gender identity, creating a situation in which everyone knew Plaintiff was transgender but treated him differently because they were afraid to say the wrong thing.

b) In or around June 2016, in an effort to intimidate Plaintiff due in substantial part to his sex/gender, Defendant Bergquist commented about another employee, Cynthia Rivera, an employee of which it is common knowledge within the department that is not heterosexual, "If I had a chance, I would be happy to push [co-worker] Cynthia Rivera in front of a high rail vehicle."

c) Critically, Ms. Rivera had a gender nonconforming appearance, thereby directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory and retaliatory animus towards homosexual and/or transgender, or gender nonconforming individuals. Additionally, Ms. Rivera had been open about having a variety of gender nonconforming interests.

d) Department Manager Moran took no remedial or disciplinary action towards
 Defendant Bergquist's harassing and discriminatory comments and therefore, Defendant
 LACMTA, through its Department Manager, ratified and condoned Mr. Bergquist's
 unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory conduct.

- e) In or around August or September 2016, Plaintiff and his co-worker, Lawrence Lee were assigned to be trained by Defendant Bergquist at Union Station.
  - i. Defendant Bergquist took care to slowly walk Mr. Lee through the training, making sure to thoroughly explain everything to him and ensure Mr. Lee had an understanding of what was supposed to be done.
  - When it came to Plaintiff' part of the training, Defendant Bergquist simply left Plaintiff's presence with Mr. Lee to discuss blueprints, knowing that Plaintiff had no knowledge of how to perform the tasks he was supposed to, since Defendant Bergquist was supposed to be training him on said tasks.
  - Rather, when Plaintiff approached Defendant Bergquist for assistance, Mr.
     Bergquist began yelling at and insulting Plaintiff in front of his co-worker, in an effort to belittle Plaintiff, based in substantial part on his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his being transgender, and/or sexual orientation.

f) Indeed, Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to continually harass Plaintiff on a severe and/or pervasive basis, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus.

g) Moreover, Lawrence Lee stated to Plaintiff, "You are going to be stuck with [Defendant Bergquist] forever," laughing.

h) Rather than stop the harassment and discrimination of Plaintiff upon being informed of it, Defendant Cabornida stated to Plaintiff, "My only responsibility is to manage work, not interpersonal relationships, and [Defendant Bergquist] is not violating any policies," thereby directly evidencing his retaliatory animus.

 i) However, this was untrue, as Defendant LACMTA has a claimed anti-harassment and anti-bullying policy, which was clearly being violated, as evidenced by Defendant Cabornida's aforesaid admission.

j) As such, Defendant LACMTA was put on notice of FEHA and other policy violations, and ratified and condoned the unlawful harassment, discrimination, and retaliation that Plaintiff was facing due in substantial part to his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, and related complaints thereto.

k) In or around late 2016, Defendant Bergquist began refusing to tell Plaintiff and Cynthia Rivera what their assignments were but would tell all the other employees under him what their assignments were, directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus. This forced Plaintiff to have to ask around to simply find out what he was supposed to do.

I) In addition, Lawrence Lee would not show up for job assignments but would never face disciplinary action, while Plaintiff regularly faced scrutiny and being overly monitored as a biased personnel management decision on a severe and/or pervasive basis, directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

m) In or around February 2017, Plaintiff was working on an independent capital improvement project under the direction of Manager Gary Ambrozich.

n) Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to go to the location where Plaintiff was working, and as a biased personnel management decision, scrutinize and monitor his work, and subsequently tell Manager Ambrozich that Plaintiff did something wrong in order to further harass Plaintiff, even though Defendant Bergquist was not Plaintiff's direct supervisor at that time.

o) Defendant Bergquist's biased personnel management decision to not address the issue he found and to circumvent Plaintiff to go directly to Manager Ambrozich is direct evidence of Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

p) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff was forced to take a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice of per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

q) In or around June 2019, Plaintiff returned from his leave and was placed on a shift in which his direct supervisor was Defendant Lead Bergquist.

r) Upon Plaintiff's return, he experienced the same unlawful harassing and discriminatory conduct on account of his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, and/or sexual orientation.

s) For instance, Defendant Bergquist referred to Cynthia Rivera as "Mini Rambo," in direct reference to her gender nonconforming appearance. Defendant Bergquist purposefully made this comment in the presence of Plaintiff in order to harass and discriminate, having known that Plaintiff is a transgender individual, directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

t) In fact, Defendant Bergquist came to Plaintiff's shared workspace on a severe and/or pervasive basis, where Defendant Bergquist did not work, and made comments regarding females, such as one directed towards Heavy Rail Inspector Esther Ang, "I was worried she was going to come to Third Shift but I guess she doesn't want to work, so she stayed on Second Shift."

u) Defendant Bergquist made this and other gender-charged comments in order to harass, discriminate and intimidate Plaintiff. Defendant Bergquist going out of his way to come to an area where he did not work in order to make gender-charged comments in the presence of Plaintiff is yet more direct evidence of his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

v) On or about June 20, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a Project Briefing meeting with Defendant Bergquist and Supervisor Moses Jones in which Defendant Bergquist was told to discuss the details of his current project with Plaintiff, give him copies of prints, take Plaintiff for an on-site walkthrough, among other things.

w) The very next day, on or about June 21, 2019, Plaintiff noticed that Defendant Bergquist had, as a biased personnel management decision, assigned himself and another employee, Tuan Nguyen, to work on what Plaintiff was supposed to work on and assigned Plaintiff elsewhere, once again directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

Moreover, on or about June 22, 2019, contrary to Plaintiff's request and without supervision talking to him beforehand, Plaintiff was forced into another project briefing meeting with Moses Jones, Joseph Cabornida, Brian Bergquist, Tuan Nguyen, and Mai Cowart.

y) Supervisor Jones reiterated that he wanted Defendant Bergquist to share the previously requested information with Plaintiff, at which point Plaintiff informed Defendant Bergquist he had requested to be excused from the project completely. Supervisor Jones thereafter left rapidly, stating that it was a "Third shift issue," so it was not his responsibility.

z) To wit, Plaintiff explained that he was not interested in trying to force Defendant Bergquist to collaborate with him when he has a track record of clearly not being interested in doing so.

aa) In response, Defendant Bergquist brought up Plaintiff having reported him for his comments regarding Cynthia Rivera in 2016, explicitly admitting his discriminatory and retaliatory animus against Plaintiff from 2016 to 2019 for having complained regarding his unlawful comments, which violated both the FEHA and LACMTA policy. Egregiously, this comment was made in the presence of Manager Cabornida, to which there was no reaction and against which no remedial or disciplinary action was taken.

bb) Despite Defendant Bergquist's astonishing admission that he had been harassing, discriminating, and retaliating against Plaintiff for three years, Defendant Cabornida proceeded to tell Plaintiff that it was *his* attitude, *not* Defendant's Bergquist's behavior, that was causing Plaintiff's "problems," and that discussing the problem and/or seeking help was, in his opinion, unprofessional, thereby directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

cc) Further, Mr. Cabornida referred to the original complaint that Plaintiff filed in 2016 as "what [he] did to [Defendant Bergquist]," and stated that Plaintiff is making a power grab to "get [his] way," directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

dd) Defendant Cabornida finished the meeting by stating to Plaintiff that Defendant Bergquist was in charge, and that as long as he did not tell Plaintiff to do something unsafe, that Plaintiff *had to* do whatever Defendant Bergquist told him to do.

ee) On or about August 7, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a meeting in order to resolve the ongoing issues with Defendant Bergquist. Present at this meeting were Defendant Cabornida, Manager Ambrozich, and Director Moran.

ff) Once again, Defendant Bergquist berated Plaintiff and told him *in front of three different levels of management*, "If you don't like the way you are being treated, unemployment is very low, and you should go find another job." All three levels of supervisors sat by and watched and did nothing to remediate the unlawful harassment of and discrimination against Plaintiff, thereby ratifying and condoning Defendant Bergquist's conduct and directly evidencing their discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

gg) On or about November 15, 2019, while working at the Westlake Station, Plaintiff realized he had forgotten some equipment and asked Defendant Bergquist whether he had the equipment, to which Defendant Bergquist stated he did not, forcing Plaintiff to go retrieve the equipment.

hh) However, upon Plaintiff's return, Defendant Bergquist disclosed that *there was actually no work that needed to be done by Plaintiff on the rail*, demonstrating he had forced Plaintiff to go back and forth for no reason except to harass Plaintiff, thereby directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

ii) Towards the end of November 2019, Plaintiff managed to bid onto on a different shift, which would mean he would be away from Defendant Bergquist for at least six months. Subsequently, during the department's job briefing, Defendant Cabornida began criticizing the employees, including Plaintiff, for being behind on relay testing.

jj) In response, Plaintiff explained that they were behind because they had not been properly trained, at which point Defendant Bergquist shouted, "I am not going to listen to this individual," a direct reference to Plaintiff's transgender status and directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

kk) At that point, Plaintiff disclosed that he was changing shifts, to which Defendant Bergquist responded sarcastically, "I heard about the good news," and attempting to shake Plaintiff' hand in an effort to physically intimidate him, directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

II) After Plaintiff filed a Workers' Compensation claim as a result of the constant harassment and discrimination, and despite LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's status as transgender, LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic, directly evidencing its discriminatory and retaliatory animus. mm) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to

complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

nn) When Plaintiff went into his evaluation, the doctor he spoke to, obviously having knowledge that Plaintiff is transgender, inquired and/or commented about the following:

About Plaintiff' plans (or lack thereof) for genital surgery;

ii. Expressed skepticism regarding the number of trans people today as opposed to 30 years ago;

iii. Asked what Plaintiff name was previously;

iv. Asked which gender(s) Plaintiff was attracted to; and

v. Spoke about Dr. John Money as a respected researcher (Money claimed that gender identity is primarily learned, not innate).

oo) Further, the scheduling letter for Plaintiff stated that the appointment would last between three and four hours, but he was kept for six hours.

pp) After informing Defendant LACMTA regarding the incident at the conversion therapy clinic along with pictures as evidence, Defendant LACMTA's only response was to advise their third-party administrator, Pro-Health, not to refer Defendant LACMTA employees to that location anymore.

qq) Defendant LACMTA once again failed to take proper measures and/or remediate Plaintiff's situation and the constant harassment, discrimination, and retaliation that he faced, thereby directly evidencing its retaliatory animus.

> 32 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

i.

rr) Plaintiff continues to be treated differently, disparately, and negatively because of his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender, and/or his sexual orientation, including but not limited to Defendants harassing Plaintiff (as aforesaid), denying Plaintiff opportunities, unfairly disciplining Plaintiff, and overly monitoring and scrutinizing Plaintiff.

ss) At least through the July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, failed and/or refused to investigate Plaintiff's complaints and take appropriate remedial actions.

51. In doing the acts alleged herein, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were substantially motivated by Plaintiff's actual/perceived disabilities, need for accommodations, need for legally protected medical leave, and/or aforesaid legally protected activities (complaints/protests).

52. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff believes and further alleges that Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, and/or its agents/representatives failed to timely, properly, and/or completely investigate the retaliation Plaintiff was routinely subjected to and ratified and condoned the unlawful behavior.

53. The acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, as aforesaid, were in violation of California <u>Government Code</u> §§ 12940 et seq. Said statutes impose certain duties upon Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, concerning retaliation against persons, such as Plaintiff, on the basis of sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender, and/or sexual orientation and the prohibition of retaliation based thereon. Said statutes were intended to prevent the type of injury and damage herein set forth.

54. By the acts and conduct described above, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, in violation of said statutes, knew about, or should have known about, and failed to investigate and/or properly investigate, prevent or remedy the of sex/gender, gender identity or expression, transgender, and/or sexual orientation retaliation. When Plaintiff was retaliated against, Plaintiff's of sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender,

and/or sexual orientation, and/or complaints about the unlawful conduct were substantial
motivating reasons and/or factors in Defendant LACMTA's conduct.

55. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, Plaintiff filed a timely complaint against each named Defendant with the DFEH pursuant to Cal. <u>Government Code</u> § 12900 et seq. and has received Right-to-Sue notices in a California Superior Court pursuant to California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b). Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A" are said Complaints and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "B" are said Right-to-Sue notices and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Plaintiff has therefore exhausted Plaintiff's administrative remedies under the California <u>Government Code</u>.

56. As a direct and legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff was rendered sick, sore, lame, disabled and/or disordered, both internally and externally, and/or suffered, among other things, numerous internal injuries, severe fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety.

57. As a further legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff has been forced and/or will be forced to incur expenses for medical care, X-rays, and/or laboratory costs during the period of Plaintiff's disability, and is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that he will in the future be forced to incur additional expenses of the same nature, all in an amount which is at present unknown. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the exact amount of said expenses at the time of trial.

58. Prior to the occurrence of the incidents, Plaintiff was an able-bodied individual, but since said incidents has been unable to engage fully in Plaintiff's occupation, and is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will be fully and/or partially incapacitated and/or unable to perform Plaintiff's usual work for an indefinite period of time in the future, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount which is at present unascertained. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the total amount of loss of earnings at the time of trial.

59. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been caused, and did suffer, and continues to suffer severe and permanent emotional and mental distress and anguish, humiliation,

embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety. The exact nature and extent of said injuries is presently unknown to Plaintiff, who will pray leave of court to assert the same when they are ascertained.

60. By the aforesaid acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff has been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages pursuant to California <u>Civil Code</u> § 3333 including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, medical and related expenses for care and procedures both now and in the future, attorneys' fees, and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained, for which Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend when ascertained.

61. As a result of the retaliatory acts of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of said suit as specifically provided in California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b).

62. The FEHA also provides remedies, including but not limited to, declaratory and injunctive relief. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to both declaratory and injunctive relief as a result of the unlawful conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them.
63. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

#### IV.

## FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

For Actual/Perceived Disability Harassment in Employment

## [California Government Code § 12940 et. seq.]

Against Defendants LACMTA and Joseph Cabornida, & DOES 1 Through 100, Only

Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference and re-alleges each and every paragraph in this Complaint as though duly set forth in full herein.

64. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff has been an actual, perceived, and/or potentially disabled person within the meaning of Cal. <u>Gov. Code</u> §§ 12926.1(b) et seq., because Plaintiff was a person with an actual, perceived, potentially disabling, and/or potentially disabling in the future physical/mental disability(s) including, but not limited to: major depression, among other related conditions and/or disabilities.

#### COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

65. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was able to perform the essential functions of Plaintiff's job either with and/or without reasonable accommodations.

66. On a severe and/or pervasive basis during Plaintiff's employment with Defendant LACMTA, continuing through July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendants and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, harassed Plaintiff due to and substantially motivated by Plaintiff's actual/perceived disabilities leave through the following actions, among others:

a) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff took a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice, per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

b) Upon Plaintiff's return to work in or around June 2019 Defendant Cabornida was put on notice of Plaintiff's disabilities.

c) Specifically, beginning on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida began demanding whether Plaintiff can work overtime, to which Plaintiff stated to him he was unable to due to his disabilities, using the specific phrase that he did not want to get "burnout."

d) Thereafter, on a severe and/or pervasive basis, Defendant Cabornida began making harassing comments towards Plaintiff and to Plaintiff's co-workers due in substantial part to his disabilities.

e) For instance, on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida made a comment to Tuan Nguyen in front of Plaintiff, "You're hardcore, and you don't get *burnout* from working overtime," using the same phrase Plaintiff had initially used in regards to his disabilities to harass Plaintiff.

f) Thereafter, Plaintiff was told by his co-worker Mai Cowart that she had worked overtime during the past week because Defendant Cabornida told her that Tuan Nguyen was *"burnout,"* again using the same phrase Plaintiff had used in order to harass Plaintiff. However, Nguyen was present when Cowart showed up to work the overtime shift.

g) On or about July 11, 2019, Defendant Cabornida once again pressured Plaintiff to work overtime, which Plaintiff once again stated he could not due to his disabilities, at which point Defendant Cabornida demanded Plaintiff come in to work overtime, which Plaintiff refused.

h) Defendant Cabornida then unlawfully told Plaintiff it was his responsibility to find someone to replace him on the overtime shift.

That same day, Plaintiff subsequently complained to Jessenia Rowe in the HEAR
 department regarding Defendant Cabornida's severe and/or pervasive harassment due in
 substantial part to his disabilities.

j) Moreover, in or around January 2020, as a result of his disabilities, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim.

k) However, despite Defendant LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's disability, and status as transgender, Defendant LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic, thereby exacerbating Plaintiff's disability.

 Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

m) When Plaintiff went into his evaluation, the doctor he spoke to, which Defendant LACMTA referred him to obviously having knowledge that Plaintiff has major depression, a disability, and is transgender, harassed Plaintiff about the following:

i.

About Plaintiff' plans (or lack thereof) for genital surgery;

ii. Expressed skepticism regarding the number of trans people today as opposed to 30 years ago;

iii. Asked what Plaintiff name was previously;

iv. Asked which gender(s) Plaintiff was attracted to; and

v. Spoke about Dr. John Money as a respected researcher (Money claimed that gender identity is primarily learned, not innate).

n) As a result of Defendant LACMTA's referral of Plaintiff to a doctor located in a conversion therapy office, and despite its knowledge of Plaintiff's disability and Plaintiff's status as transgender, Plaintiff was harassed and suffered an exacerbation of his disability.

o) Plaintiff was treated differently, disparately, and negatively because of his actual/perceived disabilities, including but not limited to Defendants harassing Plaintiff (as aforesaid), denying Plaintiff opportunities, unfairly disciplining Plaintiff, overly monitoring and scrutinizing Plaintiff, and denying Plaintiff benefits.

p) At least through July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1
 through 100, and each of them, failed and/or refused to rehire/reinstate Plaintiff and/or
 offer Plaintiff employment in any capacity or investigate Plaintiff's complaints and take
 appropriate remedial actions.

67. In doing the acts alleged herein, Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were substantially motivated by Plaintiff's actual/perceived disabilities, need for accommodations, and/or need for legally protected finite medical leave.

68. A reasonable person in Plaintiff's circumstances would have considered the work environment to be hostile or abusive.

69. Plaintiff considered the work environment to be hostile or abusive towards Plaintiff.

70. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff believes and further alleges that Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and/or DOES 1 through 100, and/or its agents/representatives failed to timely, properly, and/or completely investigate the harassment Plaintiff was routinely subjected to and ratified and condoned the unlawful behavior.

71. The acts and conduct of Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, as aforesaid, were in violation of Cal. <u>Government Code</u> §§ 12940 et seq. Said statutes impose certain duties upon Defendants concerning harassment against persons, such as Plaintiff, on the basis of actual/perceived disabilities and the prohibition of actual/perceived disability harassment. Said statutes were intended to prevent the type of disability and damage herein set forth. 72. By the acts and conduct described above, Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, in violation of said statutes, knew about, or should have known about, and failed to investigate and/or properly investigate, prevent or remedy the disability harassment.

73. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, Plaintiff filed a timely complaint against each named Defendant with the DFEH pursuant to Cal. <u>Government Code</u> § 12900 et seq. and has received Right-to-Sue notices in a California Superior Court pursuant to California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b). Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A" are said Complaints and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "B" are said Right-to-Sue notices and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Plaintiff has therefore exhausted Plaintiff's administrative remedies under the California <u>Government Code</u>.

74. As a direct and legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff was rendered sick, sore, lame, disabled and/or disordered, both internally and/or externally, and/or suffered, among other things, numerous internal injuries, severe fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety.

75. As a further legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been forced and/or will be forced to incur expenses for medical care, X-rays, and/or laboratory costs during the period of Plaintiff's disability, and/or is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will in the future be forced to incur additional expenses of the same nature, all in an amount which is at present unknown. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the exact amount of said expenses at the time of trial.

76. Prior to the occurrence of the incidents, Plaintiff was an able-bodied individual, but since said incidents has been unable to engage fully and/or partially in Plaintiff's occupation, and is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will be fully and/or partially incapacitated and/or unable to perform Plaintiff's usual work for an indefinite period of time in the future, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount which is at present unascertained. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the total amount of loss of earnings at the time of trial.

77. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been caused, and did suffer, and continues to suffer severe and permanent emotional and/or mental distress and/or anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety. The exact nature and extent of said injuries is presently unknown to Plaintiff, who will pray leave of court to assert the same when they are ascertained.

78. The aforementioned acts of Defendants Cabornida and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were willful, wanton, malicious, intentional, oppressive and/or despicable and were done in willful and conscious disregard of the rights, welfare and safety of Plaintiff, thereby justifying the awarding of punitive and exemplary damages against Defendant Cabornida and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, in an amount to be determined at the time of trial pursuant to California <u>Civil Code</u> § 3294(a) and (b).

79. By the aforesaid acts and conduct of Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages pursuant to California <u>Civil Code</u> § 3333 including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, medical and related expenses for care and procedures both now and in the future, attorneys' fees, and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained, for which Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend when ascertained.

80. As a result of the harassing acts of Defendants Cabornida and LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of said suit as specifically provided in California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b).

81. The FEHA also provides remedies, including but not limited to, declaratory and injunctive relief. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to both declaratory and injunctive relief as a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct.

82. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

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#### **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

V.

#### For Actual/Perceived Disability Discrimination in Employment

#### [California Government Code § 12940 et. seq.]

#### Against LACMTA & DOES 1 Through 100, Only

83. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was an actual, perceived, and/or potentially disabled person within the meaning of Cal. <u>Gov. Code</u> §§ 12926.1(b) et seq., because Plaintiff was a person with an actual, perceived, potentially disabling, and/or potentially disabling in the future physical/mental disability(s) including, but not limited to: major depression, among other related conditions and/or disabilities.

84. At all times relevant herein, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, had notice of Plaintiff's disabilities and/or need for accommodations. For example, Plaintiff notified Manager Ambrozich via email of his disabilities, including major depression and other related conditions, and need for medical leave,.

85. Plaintiff's impairments affect his musculoskeletal body system and ability to perform major life activities, such as working.

86. At all times relevant herein, as an employee disabled by a severe and debilitating disability, Plaintiff was a member of a protected class.

87. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was qualified for and/or competently performed the position(s) held throughout his employment with Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them.

88. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was able to perform the essential functions of his job either with and/or without reasonable accommodations.

89. Starting during Plaintiff's employment with Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, and continuing through at least July 1, 2020, and continuing, as a result of and substantially motivated by Plaintiff's actual/perceived disabilities, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, subjected Plaintiff to discriminatory treatment and/or adverse employment actions, including the following actions, among others:

a) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff was forced to take a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice, per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

b) Upon Plaintiff's return to work in or around June 2019 Defendant Cabornida was put on notice of Plaintiff's disabilities.

c) Specifically, beginning on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida began asking whether Plaintiff can work overtime, to which Plaintiff stated to him he was unable to due to his disabilities, using the specific phrase that he did not want to get "burnout."

d) Thereafter, on a severe and/or pervasive basis, Defendant Cabornida began making harassing comments towards Plaintiff and to Plaintiff's co-workers due in substantial part to his disabilities.

e) For instance, on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida made a comment to Tuan Nguyen in front of Plaintiff, "You're hardcore, and you don't get *burnout* from working overtime," using the same phrase Plaintiff had initially used in regards to his disabilities to harass Plaintiff, directly evidencing his discriminatory animus.

f) Thereafter, Plaintiff was told by his co-worker Mai Cowart that she had worked overtime during the past week because Defendant Cabornida told her that Tuan Nguyen was *"burnout,"* again using the same phrase Plaintiff had used in order to harass Plaintiff. However, Nguyen was present when Cowart showed up to work the overtime shift, which directly evidences Defendant Cabornida's discriminatory animus.

g) On or about July 11, 2019, Defendant Cabornida once again pressured Plaintiff to work overtime, which Plaintiff once again stated he could not due to his disabilities, at which point Defendant Cabornida demanded Plaintiff come in to work overtime, which Plaintiff refused.

h) Defendant Cabornida then unlawfully told Plaintiff it was his responsibility to
 find someone to replace him on the overtime shift, directly evidencing his discriminatory
 animus.

 That same day, Plaintiff subsequently complained to Jessenia Rowe in the HEAR department regarding Defendant Cabornida's severe and/or pervasive harassment due in substantial part to his disabilities.

j) However, Jessenia Rowe did nothing to remediate the harassment and discrimination that Plaintiff was facing based in substantial part on his disabilities, thereby ratifying and condoning said unlawful conduct and comments by Defendant Cabornida.

 k) Moreover, in or around January 2020, as a result of his disabilities, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim.

 However, despite Defendant LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's disability, and status as transgender, Defendant LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic, thereby exacerbating Plaintiff's disability.

m) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

n) When Plaintiff went into his evaluation, the doctor he spoke to, which Defendant LACMTA referred him to obviously having knowledge that Plaintiff has major depression, a disability, and is transgender, harassed Plaintiff about the following:

About Plaintiff' plans (or lack thereof) for genital surgery;

 Expressed skepticism regarding the number of trans people today as opposed to 30 years ago;

iii. Asked what Plaintiff name was previously;

iv. Asked which gender(s) Plaintiff was attracted to; and

v. Spoke about Dr. John Money as a respected researcher (Money claimed that gender identity is primarily learned, not innate).

o) As a result of Defendant LACMTA's referral of Plaintiff to a doctor located in a conversion therapy office, and despite its knowledge of Plaintiff's disability and

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Plaintiff's status as transgender, Plaintiff was harassed and suffered an exacerbation of his disability.

p) Plaintiff was treated differently, disparately, and negatively because of his actual/perceived disabilities, including but not limited to Defendants harassing Plaintiff (as aforesaid), denying Plaintiff opportunities, unfairly disciplining Plaintiff, overly monitoring and scrutinizing Plaintiff, and denying Plaintiff benefits.

q) At least through July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, failed and/or refused to rehire/reinstate Plaintiff and/or offer Plaintiff employment in any capacity or investigate Plaintiff's complaints and take appropriate remedial actions.

90. In doing the acts alleged herein, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were substantially motivated by Plaintiff's actual/perceived disabilities.

91. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff believes and further alleges that Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, and/or its agents/representatives failed to timely, properly, and/or completely investigate the discrimination Plaintiff was routinely subjected to and ratified and condoned the unlawful behavior.

92. The acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, as aforesaid, were in violation of Cal. <u>Gov. Code</u> §§ 12940 et seq. Said statutes impose certain duties upon Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, concerning discrimination against persons, such as Plaintiff, on the basis of disabilities and the prohibition of disability discrimination. Said statutes were intended to prevent the type of injury and damage herein set forth.

93. By the acts and conduct described above, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, in violation of said statutes, knew about, or should have known about, and failed to investigate and/or properly investigate, prevent or remedy the actual/perceived disability discrimination. When Plaintiff was discriminated against, Plaintiff's actual/perceived disability(s) were substantial motivating reasons and/or factors in Defendant LACMTA's conduct.

94. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, Plaintiff filed a timely complaint against each named Defendant with the DFEH pursuant to Cal. <u>Government Code</u> § 12900 et seq. and has received Right-to-Sue notices in a California Superior Court pursuant to California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b). Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A" are said Complaints and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "B" are said Right-to-Sue notices and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Plaintiff has therefore exhausted Plaintiff's administrative remedies under the California <u>Government Code</u>.

95. As a direct and legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES
1 through 100, Plaintiff was rendered sick, sore, lame, disabled and/or disordered, both internally
and/or externally, and/or suffered, among other things, numerous internal injuries, severe fright,
shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety.

96. As a further legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been forced and/or will be forced to incur expenses for medical care, X-rays, and/or laboratory costs during the period of Plaintiff's disability, and/or is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will in the future be forced to incur additional expenses of the same nature, all in an amount which is at present unknown. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the exact amount of said expenses at the time of trial.

97. Prior to the occurrence of the incidents, Plaintiff was an able-bodied individual, but since said incidents has been unable to engage fully and/or partially in Plaintiff's occupation, and is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will be fully and/or partially incapacitated and/or unable to perform Plaintiff's usual work for an indefinite period of time in the future, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount which is at present unascertained. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the total amount of loss of earnings at the time of trial.

98. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been caused, and did suffer, and continues to suffer severe and permanent emotional and/or mental distress and/or anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety. The exact nature and extent of

1 said injuries is presently unknown to Plaintiff, who will pray leave of court to assert the same 2 when they are ascertained.

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99. By the aforesaid acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages pursuant to California Civil Code § 3333 including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, medical and related expenses for care and procedures both now and in the future, attorneys' fees, and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained, for which Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend when ascertained.

9 100. As a result of the discriminatory acts of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, 10 and each of them, as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of said suit as specifically provided in California Government Code § 12965(b).

101. The FEHA also provides remedies, including but not limited to, declaratory and injunctive relief. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to both declaratory and injunctive relief as a result of the unlawful conduct of LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them.

102. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

## VI.

## **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

## For Actual/Perceived Disability Retaliation in Employment

## [California Government Code §§ 12940 et seq.]

## Against Defendant LACMTA & DOES 1 Through 100, Only

103. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference and re-alleges each and every paragraph in this Complaint as though duly set forth in full herein.

104. Plaintiff was, at all times material hereto, a disabled employee (and one who engaged in legally protected conduct) and within a protected class covered by Cal. Gov. Code § 12940, as Plaintiff suffered from a severe and debilitating disability, including anxiety and depression, among other related conditions and/or disabilities.

27 Starting during Plaintiff's employment with Defendant LACMTA, continuing at least 105. 28 through July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each

of them, retaliated against Plaintiff as a result of Plaintiff asserting his legal rights and/or complaining about and/or protesting against the disability harassment and discrimination Plaintiff was subjected to.

106. Plaintiff asserted his legal rights, for example partaking in protected activity and protesting and complaining, on the following occasions, among others:

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a) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff took a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice, per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

b) Beginning on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida began asking whetherPlaintiff can work overtime, to which Plaintiff protested to him he was unable to due tohis disabilities, using the specific phrase that he did not want to get "burnout."

c) On or about July 11, 2019, Defendant Cabornida once again pressured Plaintiff to work overtime, which Plaintiff once again complained he could not due to his disabilities, at which point Defendant Cabornida demanded Plaintiff come in to work overtime, which Plaintiff refused.

d) That same day, Plaintiff subsequently complained to Jessenia Rowe in the HEAR
 department regarding Defendant Cabornida's severe and/or pervasive harassment due in
 substantial part to his disabilities.

 e) On or about June 2, 2020, Plaintiff sent Defendants a Notice of Claims Letter and Request for Employment Records, outlining in detail his potential claims against Defendants, including his claims regarding disability harassment, discrimination, and retaliation.

107. However, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, retaliated against Plaintiff, due to and substantially motivated by Plaintiff's actual/perceived disability(s), requesting accommodations, or protected finite leave, and/or due to Plaintiff engaging in the aforesaid legally protected activities (complaints/protests), through the following actions, among others:

a) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff took a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice, per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

b) Upon Plaintiff's return to work in or around June 2019 Defendant Cabornida was put on notice of Plaintiff's disabilities.

c) Specifically, beginning on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida began asking whether Plaintiff can work overtime, to which Plaintiff stated to him he was unable to due to his disabilities, using the specific phrase that he did not want to get "burnout."

d) Thereafter, on a severe and/or pervasive basis, Defendant Cabornida began making harassing comments towards Plaintiff and to Plaintiff's co-workers due in substantial part to his disabilities.

e) For instance, on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida made a comment to Tuan Nguyen in front of Plaintiff, "You're hardcore, and you don't get *burnout* from working overtime," using the same phrase Plaintiff had initially used in regards to his disabilities to harass Plaintiff, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus.

f) Thereafter, Plaintiff was told by his co-worker Mai Cowart that she had worked overtime during the past week because Defendant Cabornida told her that Tuan Nguyen was *"burnout,"* again using the same phrase Plaintiff had used in order to harass Plaintiff. However, Nguyen was present when Cowart showed up to work the overtime shift, which directly evidences Defendant Cabornida's retaliatory animus.

g) On or about July 11, 2019, Defendant Cabornida once again pressured Plaintiff to work overtime, which Plaintiff once again stated he could not due to his disabilities, at which point Defendant Cabornida demanded Plaintiff come in to work overtime, which Plaintiff refused.

h) Defendant Cabornida then unlawfully told Plaintiff it was his responsibility to
 find someone to replace him on the overtime shift, directly evidencing his retaliatory
 animus.

i) However, Jessenia Rowe did nothing to remediate the harassment and discrimination that Plaintiff was facing based in substantial part on his disabilities, thereby ratifying and condoning said unlawful conduct and comments by Defendant Cabornida, directly evidencing her retaliatory animus.

j) Moreover, in or around January 2020, as a result of his disabilities, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim.

k) However, despite Defendant LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's disability, and status as transgender, Defendant LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic, thereby exacerbating Plaintiff's disability, and directly evidencing Defendant LACMTA's retaliatory animus.

1) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

m) When Plaintiff went into his evaluation, the doctor he spoke to, which Defendant LACMTA referred him to obviously having knowledge that Plaintiff has major depression, a disability, and is transgender, harassed Plaintiff about the following:

i.

About Plaintiff' plans (or lack thereof) for genital surgery;

ii. Expressed skepticism regarding the number of trans people today as opposed to 30 years ago;

iii. Asked what Plaintiff name was previously;

Asked which gender(s) Plaintiff was attracted to; and iv.

Spoke about Dr. John Money as a respected researcher (Money claimed v. that gender identity is primarily learned, not innate).

n) As a result of Defendant LACMTA's referral of Plaintiff to a doctor located in a conversion therapy office, and despite its knowledge of Plaintiff's disability and Plaintiff's status as transgender, Plaintiff was harassed and suffered an exacerbation of his disability.

o) Plaintiff was treated differently, disparately, and negatively because of his actual/perceived disabilities, including but not limited to Defendants harassing Plaintiff (as aforesaid), denying Plaintiff opportunities, unfairly disciplining Plaintiff, overly monitoring and scrutinizing Plaintiff, and denying Plaintiff benefits.

p) At least through July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, failed and/or refused to rehire/reinstate Plaintiff and/or offer Plaintiff employment in any capacity or investigate Plaintiff's complaints and take appropriate remedial actions.

108. In doing the acts alleged herein, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were substantially motivated by Plaintiff's actual/perceived disabilities, need for accommodations, need for legally protected medical leave, and/or aforesaid legally protected activities (complaints/protests).

109. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff believes and further alleges that Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, and/or its agents/representatives failed to timely, properly, and/or completely investigate the retaliation Plaintiff was routinely subjected to and ratified and condoned the unlawful behavior.

110. The acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, as aforesaid, were in violation of California <u>Government Code</u> §§ 12940 et seq. Said statutes impose certain duties upon Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, concerning retaliation against persons, such as Plaintiff, on the basis of disabilities and the prohibition of actual/perceived disability retaliation. Said statutes were intended to prevent the type of injury and damage herein set forth.

111. By the acts and conduct described above, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, in violation of said statutes, knew about, or should have known about, and failed to investigate and/or properly investigate, prevent or remedy the disability retaliation. When Plaintiff was retaliated against, Plaintiff's disability(s) and/or complaints about the unlawful conduct were substantial motivating reasons and/or factors in Defendant LACMTA's conduct. 112. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, Plaintiff filed a timely complaint against each named Defendant with the DFEH pursuant to Cal. <u>Government Code</u> § 12900 et seq. and has received Right-to-Sue notices in a California Superior Court pursuant to California <u>Government Code</u> § 12965(b). Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A" are said Complaints and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "B" are said Right-to-Sue notices and by reference hereto are made a part hereof. Plaintiff has therefore exhausted Plaintiff's administrative remedies under the California <u>Government Code</u>.

113. As a direct and legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff was rendered sick, sore, lame, disabled and/or disordered, both internally and/or externally, and/or suffered, among other things, numerous internal injuries, severe fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety.

114. As a further legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been forced and/or will be forced to incur expenses for medical care, X-rays, and/or laboratory costs during the period of Plaintiff's disability, and/or is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will in the future be forced to incur additional expenses of the same nature, all in an amount which is at present unknown. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the exact amount of said expenses at the time of trial.

115. Prior to the occurrence of the incidents, Plaintiff was an able-bodied individual, but since said incidents has been unable to engage fully and/or partially in Plaintiff's occupation, and is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will be fully and/or partially incapacitated and/or unable to perform Plaintiff's usual work for an indefinite period of time in the future, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount which is at present unascertained. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the total amount of loss of earnings at the time of trial.

116. As a further direct and legal result of the acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been caused, and did suffer, and continues to suffer severe and permanent emotional and/or mental distress and/or anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety. The exact nature and extent of

said injuries is presently unknown to Plaintiff, who will pray leave of court to assert the same when they are ascertained.

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By the aforesaid acts and conduct of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and 117. each of them, Plaintiff has been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages pursuant to California Civil Code § 3333 including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, medical and related expenses for care and procedures both now and in the future, attorneys' fees, and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained, for which Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend when ascertained.

9 118. As a result of the retaliatory acts of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and 10 each of them, as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of said suit as specifically provided in California Government Code § 12965(b).

119. The FEHA also provides remedies, including but not limited to, declaratory and injunctive relief. As such, Plaintiff is entitled to both declaratory and injunctive relief as a result of the unmlawful conduct of LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them.

120. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

## VII.

## SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

**For Whistleblower Violations** 

[California Labor Code § 1102.5]

## Against Defendant LACMTA & DOES 1 Through 100, Only

121. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference each and every paragraph in this Complaint as though duly set forth in full herein.

23 122. Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, retaliated against 24 Plaintiff for blowing the whistle/complaining about/protesting against its unlawful activities, 25 including but not limited to sex/gender, gender identity or expression, transgender, and/or sexual 26 orientation harassment, discrimination, and retaliation, where Plaintiff had reasonable cause to 27 believe Plaintiff's employer was violating the law.

28 123. It is a violation of the California whistleblower statute, Cal. Labor Code § 1102.5, and

public policy to unlawfully retaliate/punish/discharge or deny opportunities to an employee for refusing to violate the law and/or for protesting unlawful activities to a government agency or his/her employer.

124. Plaintiff was a whistleblower pursuant to Cal. <u>Labor Code</u> § 1102.5, as Plaintiff engaged in the following protected activities, among others:

a) In or around January 2016, Plaintiff informed LACMTA's EEO department – specifically, Jonaura Wisdom – that he is transgender and identifies as male.

b) In or around July 2016, in response to witnessing Defendant Bergquist's violent comments regarding Cynthia Rivera, an individual with a gender nonconforming appearance and known to be non-heterosexual, Plaintiff lodged a formal written complaint with Department Manager Ricardo Moran.

c) In or around December 2016 Plaintiff complained to Defendant Cabornida of the harassing and discriminatory conduct and comments he was facing from Defendant Bergquist on a severe and/or pervasive basis, of which Defendant Cabornida admitted he had been aware.

d) In or around June 2019, Plaintiff then directly asked Defendant Bergquist whether
 he had any plans to follow Supervisor Jones' instructions to brief him on the project, to
 which Defendant Bergquist responded that Plaintiff could go look at the room in question
 on his own if he wanted to.

e) Beginning on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida began asking whether Plaintiff can work overtime, to which Plaintiff protested to him he was unable to due to his disabilities, using the specific phrase that he did not want to get "burnout."

f) Also on or about June 22, 2019, as a result, Plaintiff emailed Manager Ambrozich and Supervisor Jones, protesting and asking to be relieved of responsibility for the project and detailed why, including his fear of worsening discrimination by Defendant Bergquist.
g) Subsequently, on or about June 25, 2019, Plaintiff then escalated his complaints to the Equal Employment Opportunity department at LACMTA to address the unlawful harassment, discrimination, and retaliation he had been facing. However, the EEO

department referred Plaintiff to the HEAR department. Accordingly, Plaintiff began documenting and sending emails to HEAR on a consistent basis as unlawful conduct occurred in the workplace.

h) On or about July 11, 2019, Defendant Cabornida once again pressured Plaintiff to work overtime, which Plaintiff once again complained he could not due to his disabilities, at which point Defendant Cabornida demanded Plaintiff come in to work overtime, which Plaintiff refused.

 That same day, Plaintiff subsequently complained to Jessenia Rowe in the HEAR department regarding Defendant Cabornida's severe and/or pervasive harassment due in substantial part to his disabilities.

j) Towards the end of November 2019, during a job briefing in which employees were criticized for being behind on relay testing, Plaintiff complained that they were not being properly trained.

k) On or about November 28, 2019, Plaintiff complained to Jessenia Rowe in
 Human Resources regarding the harassment and discrimination he was experiencing at
 the hands of Defendant Bergquist on a severe and/or pervasive basis.

 On or about December 3, 2019, Plaintiff again complained to Jessenia Rowe in HR regarding the harassment and discrimination he was experiencing at the hands of Defendant Bergquist on a severe and/or pervasive basis, specifically detailing in a timeline his experiences.

m) Ultimately, due to the hostile work environment Plaintiff faced since his hiring by
 LACMTA, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim in or around December
 2019

n) On or about January 21, 2020, Plaintiff complained to LACMTA regarding the incident at the conversion therapy clinic along with pictures as evidence.

 o) On or about June 2, 2020, Plaintiff sent Defendants a Notice of Claims Letter and Request for Employment Records, outlining in detail his potential claims against Defendants.

125. However, as a direct result of Plaintiff engaging in legally protected activity and complaining about and protesting against the aforesaid violations of law (or Plaintiff's reasonable belief that laws were being violated), Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, retaliated against Plaintiff through the following, among others:

a) In or around January 2016, shortly after Plaintiff informed Defendant LACMTA of his transgender status, Defendant LACMTA held a meeting with its employees in which it purposely intimidated its employees from asking questions regarding Plaintiff's gender identity, creating a situation in which everyone knew Plaintiff was transgender but treated him differently because they were afraid to say the wrong thing.

b) In or around June 2016, in an effort to intimidate Plaintiff due in substantial part to his sex/gender, Defendant Bergquist commented about another employee, Cynthia Rivera, an employee of which it is common knowledge within the department that is not heterosexual, "If I had a chance, I would be happy to push [co-worker] Cynthia Rivera in front of a high rail vehicle."

c) Critically, Ms. Rivera had a gender nonconforming appearance, thereby directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's retaliatory animus towards homosexual and/or transgender, or gender nonconforming individuals. Additionally, Ms. Rivera had been open about having a variety of gender nonconforming interests.

d) Department Manager Moran took no remedial or disciplinary action towards
 Defendant Bergquist's harassing and discriminatory comments and therefore, Defendant
 LACMTA, through its Department Manager, ratified and condoned Mr. Bergquist's
 unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory conduct.

e) In or around August or September 2016, Plaintiff and his co-worker, Lawrence Lee were assigned to be trained by Defendant Bergquist at Union Station.

i. Defendant Bergquist took care to slowly walk Mr. Lee through the training, making sure to thoroughly explain everything to him and ensure Mr. Lee had an understanding of what was supposed to be done.

ii. When it came to Plaintiff' part of the training, Defendant Bergquist simply left Plaintiff's presence with Mr. Lee to discuss blueprints, knowing that Plaintiff had no knowledge of how to perform the tasks he was supposed to, since Defendant Bergquist was supposed to be training him on said tasks.

iii. Rather, when Plaintiff approached Defendant Bergquist for assistance, Mr. Bergquist began yelling at and insulting Plaintiff in front of his co-worker, in an effort to belittle Plaintiff, based in substantial part on his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his being transgender, and/or sexual orientation.

f) Indeed, Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to continually harass Plaintiff on
 a severe and/or pervasive basis, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on
 Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

g) Moreover, Lawrence Lee stated to Plaintiff, "You are going to be stuck with [Defendant Bergquist] forever," laughing.

h) Rather than stop the harassment and discrimination of Plaintiff upon being informed of it, Defendant Cabornida stated to Plaintiff, "My only responsibility is to manage work, not interpersonal relationships, and [Defendant Bergquist] is not violating any policies," thereby directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

 i) However, this was untrue, as Defendant LACMTA has a claimed anti-harassment and anti-bullying policy, which was clearly being violated, as evidenced by Defendant Cabornida's aforesaid admission.

j) As such, Defendant LACMTA was put on notice of FEHA and other policy violations, and ratified and condoned the unlawful harassment, discrimination, and retaliation that Plaintiff was facing due in substantial part to his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, and related complaints thereto.

k) In or around late 2016, Defendant Bergquist began refusing to tell Plaintiff and
Cynthia Rivera what their assignments were but would tell all the other employees under
him what their assignments were, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on

Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct. This forced Plaintiff to have to ask around to simply find out what he was supposed to do.

1) In addition, Lawrence Lee would not show up for job assignments but would never face disciplinary action, while Plaintiff regularly faced scrutiny and being overly monitored as a biased personnel management decision on a severe and/or pervasive basis, directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

m) In or around February 2017, Plaintiff was working on an independent capital improvement project under the direction of Manager Gary Ambrozich.

n) Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to go to the location where Plaintiff was working, and as a biased personnel management decision, scrutinize and monitor his work, and subsequently tell Manager Ambrozich that Plaintiff did something wrong in order to further harass Plaintiff, even though Defendant Bergquist was not Plaintiff's direct supervisor at that time.

o) Defendant Bergquist's biased personnel management decision to not address the issue he found and to circumvent Plaintiff to go directly to Manager Ambrozich is direct evidence of Defendant Bergquist's retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

p) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff took a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice, per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

q) Upon Plaintiff's return to work in or around June 2019 Defendant Cabornida was
 put on notice of Plaintiff's disabilities.

r) Specifically, beginning on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida began asking whether Plaintiff can work overtime, to which Plaintiff stated to him he was unable to due to his disabilities, using the specific phrase that he did not want to get "burnout."

s) Thereafter, on a severe and/or pervasive basis, Defendant Cabornida began making harassing comments towards Plaintiff and to Plaintiff's co-workers due in substantial part to his disabilities.

t) For instance, on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida made a comment to Tuan Nguyen in front of Plaintiff, "You're hardcore, and you don't get *burnout* from working overtime," using the same phrase Plaintiff had initially used in regards to his disabilities to harass Plaintiff, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

u) Thereafter, Plaintiff was told by his co-worker Mai Cowart that she had worked overtime during the past week because Defendant Cabornida told her that Tuan Nguyen was *"burnout,"* again using the same phrase Plaintiff had used in order to harass Plaintiff. However, Nguyen was present when Cowart showed up to work the overtime shift, which directly evidences Defendant Cabornida's retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

v) On or about July 11, 2019, Defendant Cabornida once again pressured Plaintiff to work overtime, which Plaintiff once again stated he could not due to his disabilities, at which point Defendant Cabornida demanded Plaintiff come in to work overtime, which Plaintiff refused.

w) Defendant Cabornida then unlawfully told Plaintiff it was his responsibility to find someone to replace him on the overtime shift, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

x) However, Jessenia Rowe did nothing to remediate the harassment and discrimination that Plaintiff was facing based in substantial part on his disabilities, thereby ratifying and condoning said unlawful conduct and comments by Defendant Cabornida, directly evidencing her retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of unlawful conduct.

y) Defendant Cabornida's harassing and discriminatory comments continued thereafter, evidencing his retaliatory animus based upon based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct

z) Moreover, in or around January 2020, as a result of his disabilities, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim.

aa) However, despite Defendant LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's disability, and status as transgender, Defendant LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic, thereby exacerbating Plaintiff's disability, and directly evidencing Defendant LACMTA's retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of unlawful conduct.

bb) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

cc) In or around June 2019, Plaintiff returned from his leave and was placed on a shift in which his direct supervisor was Defendant Lead Bergquist.

dd) Upon Plaintiff's return, he experienced the same unlawful harassing and discriminatory conduct on account of his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, and/or sexual orientation.

ee) For instance, Defendant Bergquist referred to Cynthia Rivera as "Mini Rambo," in direct reference to her gender nonconforming appearance. Defendant Bergquist purposefully made this comment in the presence of Plaintiff in order to harass and discriminate, having known that Plaintiff is a transgender individual, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus.

ff) In fact, Defendant Bergquist came to Plaintiff's shared workspace on a severe and/or pervasive basis, where Defendant Bergquist did not work, and made comments regarding females, such as one directed towards Heavy Rail Inspector Esther Ang, "I was worried she was going to come to Third Shift but I guess she doesn't want to work, so she stayed on Second Shift."

gg) Defendant Bergquist made this and other gender-charged comments in order to harass, discriminate and intimidate Plaintiff. Defendant Bergquist going out of his way to come to an area where he did not work in order to make gender-charged comments in the presence of Plaintiff is yet more his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

hh) On or about June 20, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a Project Briefing meeting with Defendant Bergquist and Supervisor Moses Jones in which Defendant Bergquist was told to discuss the details of his current project with Plaintiff, give him copies of prints, take Plaintiff for an on-site walkthrough, among other things.

ii) The very next day, on or about June 21, 2019, Plaintiff noticed that Defendant Bergquist had, as a biased personnel management decision, assigned himself and another employee, Tuan Nguyen, to work on what Plaintiff was supposed to work on and assigned Plaintiff elsewhere, once again directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

jj) Moreover, on or about June 22, 2019, contrary to Plaintiff's request and without supervision talking to him beforehand, Plaintiff was forced into another project briefing meeting with Moses Jones, Joseph Cabornida, Brian Bergquist, Tuan Nguyen, and Mai Cowart.

kk) Supervisor Jones reiterated that he wanted Defendant Bergquist to share the previously requested information with Plaintiff, at which point Plaintiff informed Defendant Bergquist he had requested to be excused from the project completely.
Supervisor Jones thereafter left rapidly, stating that it was a "Third shift issue," so it was not his responsibility.

II) To wit, Plaintiff explained that he was not interested in trying to force DefendantBergquist to collaborate with him when he has a track record of clearly not being interested in doing so.

mm) In response, Defendant Bergquist brought up Plaintiff having reported him for his comments regarding Cynthia Rivera in 2016, explicitly admitting his retaliatory animus against Plaintiff from 2016 to 2019 for having complained regarding his unlawful comments and conduct, which violated both the FEHA and LACMTA policy. Egregiously, this comment was made in the presence of Manager Cabornida, to which there was no reaction and against which no remedial or disciplinary action was taken.

nn) Despite Defendant Bergquist's astonishing admission that he had been harassing, discriminating, and retaliating against Plaintiff for three years, Defendant Cabornida proceeded to tell Plaintiff that it was *his* attitude, *not* Defendant's Bergquist's behavior, that was causing Plaintiff's "problems," and that discussing the problem and/or seeking help was, in his opinion, unprofessional, thereby directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of unlawful conduct.

oo) Further, Mr. Cabornida referred to the original complaint that Plaintiff filed in 2016 as "what [he] did to [Defendant Bergquist]," and stated that Plaintiff is making a power grab to "get [his] way," directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of unlawful conduct.

pp) Defendant Cabornida finished the meeting by stating to Plaintiff that Defendant Bergquist was in charge, and that as long as he did not tell Plaintiff to do something unsafe, that Plaintiff *had to* do whatever Defendant Bergquist told him to do.

qq) On or about August 7, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a meeting in order to resolvethe ongoing issues with Defendant Bergquist. Present at this meeting were DefendantCabornida, Manager Ambrozich, and Director Moran.

rr) Once again, Defendant Bergquist berated Plaintiff and told him *in front of three different levels of management*, "If you don't like the way you are being treated, unemployment is very low, and you should go find another job." All three levels of supervisors sat by and watched and did nothing to remediate the unlawful harassment of and discrimination against Plaintiff, thereby ratifying and condoning Defendant

Bergquist's conduct and directly evidencing their retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of unlawful conduct.

ss) On or about November 15, 2019, while working at the Westlake Station, Plaintiff realized he had forgotten some equipment and asked Defendant Bergquist whether he had the equipment, to which Defendant Bergquist stated he did not, forcing Plaintiff to go retrieve the equipment.

tt) However, upon Plaintiff's return, Defendant Bergquist disclosed that *there was actually no work that needed to be done by Plaintiff on the rail*, demonstrating he had forced Plaintiff to go back and forth for no reason except to harass Plaintiff, thereby directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

uu) Towards the end of November 2019, Plaintiff managed to bid onto on a different shift, which would mean he would be away from Defendant Bergquist for at least six months. Subsequently, during the department's job briefing, Defendant Cabornida began criticizing the employees, including Plaintiff, for being behind on relay testing.

vv) In response, Plaintiff explained that they were behind because they had not been properly trained, at which point Defendant Bergquist shouted, "I am not going to listen to this individual," a direct reference to Plaintiff's transgender status and directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

ww) At that point, Plaintiff disclosed that he was changing shifts, to which Defendant Bergquist responded sarcastically, "I heard about the good news," and attempting to shake Plaintiff' hand in an effort to physically intimidate him, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of his unlawful conduct.

xx) After Plaintiff filed a Workers' Compensation claim as a result of the constant harassment and discrimination, and despite LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's status as transgender, LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic, directly evidencing its retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of unlawful conduct.

yy) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

zz) When Plaintiff went into his evaluation, the doctor he spoke to, obviously having knowledge that Plaintiff is transgender, inquired and/or commented about the following:

i. About Plaintiff' plans (or lack thereof) for genital surgery;

ii. Expressed skepticism regarding the number of trans people today as opposed to 30 years ago;

iii. Asked what Plaintiff name was previously;

iv. Asked which gender(s) Plaintiff was attracted to; and

v. Spoke about Dr. John Money as a respected researcher (Money claimed that gender identity is primarily learned, not innate).

aaa) Further, the scheduling letter for Plaintiff stated that the appointment would last between three and four hours, but he was kept for six hours.

bbb) After informing Defendant LACMTA regarding the incident at the conversion therapy clinic along with pictures as evidence, Defendant LACMTA's only response was to advise their third-party administrator, Pro-Health, not to refer Defendant LACMTA employees to that location anymore.

ccc) Defendant LACMTA once again failed to take proper measures and/or remediate Plaintiff's situation and the constant harassment, discrimination, and retaliation that he faced, thereby directly evidencing its retaliatory animus based on Plaintiff's complaints of unlawful conduct.

ddd) Plaintiff continues to be treated differently, disparately, and negatively because of his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender, and/or his sexual orientation, including but not limited to Defendants harassing Plaintiff (as aforesaid), denying Plaintiff opportunities, unfairly disciplining Plaintiff, and overly monitoring and scrutinizing Plaintiff.

eee) At least through the July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, failed and/or refused to investigate Plaintiff's complaints and take appropriate remedial actions.

126. Accordingly, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, had and maintained a policy and/or practice which prevented/prevents Plaintiff and other employees from complaining about and/or protesting against his/her employer's violation(s) of law to a government agency, or reasonable belief that a law(s) is being violated.

- 127. California <u>Labor Code</u> § 1102.5 declares:
  - (a) An employer, or any person acting on behalf of the employer, shall not make, adopt, or enforce any rule, regulation, or policy preventing an employee from disclosing information to a government or law enforcement agency, to a person with authority over the employee, or to another employee who has authority to investigate, discover, or correct the violation or noncompliance, or from providing information to, or testifying before, any public body conducting an investigation, hearing, or inquiry, if the employee has reasonable cause to believe that the information discloses a violation of state or federal statute, or a violation of or noncompliance with a local, state, or federal rule or regulation, regardless of whether disclosing the information is part of the employee's job duties.
  - (b) An employer, or any person acting on behalf of the employer, shall not retaliate against an employee for disclosing information, or because the employer believes that the employee disclosed or may disclose information, to a government or law enforcement agency, to a person with authority over the employee or another employee who has the authority to investigate, discover, or correct the violation or noncompliance, or for providing information to, or testifying before, any public body conducting an investigation, hearing, or inquiry, if the employee has reasonable cause to believe that the information discloses a violation of state or federal statute, or a violation of or noncompliance with a local, state, or federal rule or regulation, regardless of whether disclosing the information is part of the employee's job duties.
    - (c) An employer, or any person acting on behalf of the employer, shall not retaliate against an employee for refusing to participate in an activity that would result in a violation of state or federal statute, or a violation of or noncompliance with a local, state, or federal rule or regulation.

128. Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, violated Cal. Labor
<u>Code</u> § 1102.5(a) as it made, adopted, and enforced rules, regulation and policies preventing
Plaintiff from disclosing information to government and law enforcement agencies or a person
with authority over Plaintiff and/or authority to investigate, discover, investigate, or correct the
violation, where Plaintiff had reasonable cause to believe Plaintiff's employer was violating the

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law.

129. Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, violated Cal. <u>Labor</u> <u>Code</u> § 1102.5(b) as it retaliated against Plaintiff for protesting Defendants' unlawful actions, and/or because Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, felt Plaintiff may protest, to a government or law enforcement agency or to a person with authority over the employee and/or authority to investigate, discover, investigate, or correct the violation.

130. Plaintiff was retaliated against through the aforesaid acts by LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, at least in part, because of Plaintiff's refusal to participate in an activity that would result in a violation of state or federal statutes (or Plaintiff reasonably believed to be in violation). Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were thus in violation of Cal. Labor Code § 1102.5(c).

131. When Plaintiff was subjected to the adverse employment actions identified above, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were substantially motivated by Plaintiff's complaints of violations of state and/or federal law (or Plaintiff's reasonable belief that a law(s) was being violated), and said complaints were substantial motivating factors and/or reasons in the decision to subject Plaintiff to the aforesaid retaliatory, adverse employment actions, in violation of California Labor Code § 1102.5.

132. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, and pursuant to California Gov. Code §§ 900 et seq.,
Plaintiff filed a Claim for Damages form on or about March 2, 2020 in which Plaintiff alleged
Defendants' unlawful conduct. Plaintiff has yet to receive a response from Defendant LACMTA,
thus allowing Plaintiff to bring this action. Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit
"C" is said notice.

133. At all times herein mentioned, the public policy of the State of California, as codified, expressed and mandated by California <u>Government Code</u> §§ 12920 and 12940 et seq., was to prohibit employers from harassing, discriminating, and retaliating against and/or wrongfully terminating any individual on the grounds of their disabilities, sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender, and sexual orientation. This public policy of the State of California is designed to protect all employees and to promote the welfare and well-being of the

community at large. The policy inures to the benefit of the public and is fundamental and 2 substantial.

134. At all times herein mentioned, the public policy of the State of California, as codified, expressed and mandated by California Labor Code § 1102.5 prohibited discrimination and/or retaliation against employees blowing the whistle about their employers' unlawful activities. This public policy of the State of California is designed to protect all employees and to promote the welfare and well-being of the community at large.

At all times herein mentioned, the public policy of the State of California was to prohibit 135. the intentional infliction of emotional distress to another or opposing said unlawful practices. This public policy of the State of California is designed to protect all employees and to promote the welfare and well-being of the community at large.

As a direct and legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 136. 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff was rendered sick, sore, lame, disabled and/or disordered, both internally and/or externally, and suffered, among other things, emotional distress, including but not limited to shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety.

137. As a further legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been forced to incur expenses for medical care, Xrays, and/or laboratory costs during the period of Plaintiff's disability, and is informed and believes, and/or thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will in the future be forced to incur additional expenses of the same nature, all in an amount which is at present unknown. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the exact amount of said expenses at the time of trial.

138. Prior to the occurrence of the incidents, Plaintiff was an able-bodied individual, but since said incidents has been unable to engage fully in Plaintiff's occupation, and/or is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will be partially and/or fully incapacitated and/or unable to perform Plaintiff's usual work for an indefinite period of time in the future, all to Plaintiff's damages in an amount which is at present unascertained. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the total amount of loss of earnings at the time of trial.

As a further direct and legal result of the acts of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 139.

through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been caused, and did suffer, and continues to suffer severe and/or permanent emotional and/or mental distress and anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety. The exact nature and extent of said injuries is presently unknown to Plaintiff, who will pray leave of court to assert the same when they are ascertained.

140. Plaintiff is entitled to a civil penalty up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5.

141. By the acts and conduct of aforesaid Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages pursuant to California Civil Code § 3333 including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, medical and related expenses for care and procedures both now and in the future, attorneys' fees, and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained, for which Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend when ascertained.

142. As a result of the unlawful acts of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100 and each of them, as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of said suit as specifically provided in Cal. C.C.P. § 1021.5. Plaintiff's action enforces important rights affecting the public interest by bringing forth this lawsuit to ensure Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, refrain from unlawfully retaliating against employees for blowing the whistle, thereby conferring a significant benefit on the general public's health and well-being as a result. The necessity and financial burden of this private enforcement, as well as the interest of justice, entitles Plaintiff to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs under Cal. <u>C.C.P.</u> § 1021.5.

143. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

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#### XIII.

#### EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# For Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

#### Against All Defendants & DOES 1 Through 100, Inclusive

144. Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference and re-alleges each and every paragraph in this Complaint as though duly set forth in full herein.

145. The aforesaid conduct of Defendants and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, was so extreme and outrageous as to exceed all bounds of that usually tolerated in a civilized society, and intended to cause and actually did cause Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress.

146. Defendants, and each of them, intended to cause and did cause Plaintiff severe emotional distress, as a result of the aforesaid unlawful conduct.

147. Plaintiff did not consent to Defendants' conduct, as herein alleged, and said conduct was unprivileged. Defendants' conduct caused Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress.

148. Defendants' conduct continues to cause Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress.

149. Further, at all times relevant herein, individual Defendants were agents/employees of Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, and in doing the acts alleged herein, were acting within the course and scope of their employment with Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them.

a) In or around January 2016, shortly after Plaintiff informed Defendant LACMTA of his transgender status, Defendant LACMTA held a meeting with its employees in which it purposely intimidated its employees from asking questions regarding Plaintiff's gender identity, creating a situation in which everyone knew Plaintiff was transgender but treated him differently because they were afraid to say the wrong thing.

b) In or around June 2016, in an effort to intimidate Plaintiff due in substantial part to his sex/gender, Defendant Bergquist commented about another employee, Cynthia Rivera, an employee of which it is common knowledge within the department that is not heterosexual, "If I had a chance, I would be happy to push [co-worker] Cynthia Rivera in front of a high rail vehicle." c) Critically, Ms. Rivera had a gender nonconforming appearance, thereby directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory and retaliatory animus towards homosexual and/or transgender, or gender nonconforming individuals. Additionally, Ms. Rivera had been open about having a variety of gender nonconforming interests.

d) Department Manager Moran took no remedial or disciplinary action towards
 Defendant Bergquist's harassing and discriminatory comments and therefore, Defendant
 LACMTA, through its Department Manager, ratified and condoned Mr. Bergquist's
 unlawful discriminatory and retaliatory conduct.

e) In or around August or September 2016, Plaintiff and his co-worker, Lawrence Lee were assigned to be trained by Defendant Bergquist at Union Station.

i. Defendant Bergquist took care to slowly walk Mr. Lee through the training, making sure to thoroughly explain everything to him and ensure Mr. Lee had an understanding of what was supposed to be done.

When it came to Plaintiff' part of the training, Defendant Bergquist simply left Plaintiff's presence with Mr. Lee to discuss blueprints, knowing that Plaintiff had no knowledge of how to perform the tasks he was supposed to, since Defendant Bergquist was supposed to be training him on said tasks.

Rather, when Plaintiff approached Defendant Bergquist for assistance, Mr.
 Bergquist began yelling at and insulting Plaintiff in front of his co-worker, in an effort to belittle Plaintiff, based in substantial part on his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, his being transgender, and/or sexual orientation.

f) Indeed, Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to continually harass Plaintiff on a severe and/or pervasive basis, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus.

g) Moreover, Lawrence Lee stated to Plaintiff, "You are going to be stuck with [Defendant Bergquist] forever," laughing.

h) Rather than stop the harassment and discrimination of Plaintiff upon being informed of it, Defendant Cabornida stated to Plaintiff, "My only responsibility is to

manage work, not interpersonal relationships, and [Defendant Bergquist] is not violating any policies," thereby directly evidencing his retaliatory animus.

 i) However, this was untrue, as Defendant LACMTA has a claimed anti-harassment and anti-bullying policy, which was clearly being violated, as evidenced by Defendant Cabornida's aforesaid admission.

j) As such, Defendant LACMTA was put on notice of FEHA and other policy violations, and ratified and condoned the unlawful harassment, discrimination, and retaliation that Plaintiff was facing due in substantial part to his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, and related complaints thereto.

k) In or around late 2016, Defendant Bergquist began refusing to tell Plaintiff and Cynthia Rivera what their assignments were but would tell all the other employees under him what their assignments were, directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus. This forced Plaintiff to have to ask around to simply find out what he was supposed to do.

 In addition, Lawrence Lee would not show up for job assignments but would never face disciplinary action, while Plaintiff regularly faced scrutiny and being overly monitored as a biased personnel management decision on a severe and/or pervasive basis, directly evidencing Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

m) In or around February 2017, Plaintiff was working on an independent capital improvement project under the direction of Manager Gary Ambrozich.

n) Defendant Bergquist went out of his way to go to the location where Plaintiff was working, and as a biased personnel management decision, scrutinize and monitor his work, and subsequently tell Manager Ambrozich that Plaintiff did something wrong in order to further harass Plaintiff, even though Defendant Bergquist was not Plaintiff's direct supervisor at that time.

 Defendant Bergquist's biased personnel management decision to not address the issue he found and to circumvent Plaintiff to go directly to Manager Ambrozich is direct evidence of Defendant Bergquist's discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

p) In or around July 2018, Plaintiff took a medical leave of absence due to major depression, which he had been previously been diagnosed with, and which Defendant LACMTA was on notice, per an email from Plaintiff to Manager Ambrozich.

 q) Upon Plaintiff's return to work in or around June 2019 Defendant Cabornida was put on notice of Plaintiff's disabilities.

r) Specifically, beginning on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida began asking whether Plaintiff can work overtime, to which Plaintiff stated to him he was unable to due to his disabilities, using the specific phrase that he did not want to get "burnout."

s) Thereafter, on a severe and/or pervasive basis, Defendant Cabornida began making harassing comments towards Plaintiff and to Plaintiff's co-workers due in substantial part to his disabilities.

t) For instance, on or about June 22, 2019 Defendant Cabornida made a comment to Tuan Nguyen in front of Plaintiff, "You're hardcore, and you don't get *burnout* from working overtime," using the same phrase Plaintiff had initially used in regards to his disabilities to harass Plaintiff, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus.

u) Thereafter, Plaintiff was told by his co-worker Mai Cowart that she had worked overtime during the past week because Defendant Cabornida told her that Tuan Nguyen was *"burnout,"* again using the same phrase Plaintiff had used in order to harass Plaintiff. However, Nguyen was present when Cowart showed up to work the overtime shift, which directly evidences Defendant Cabornida's retaliatory animus.

v) On or about July 11, 2019, Defendant Cabornida once again pressured Plaintiff to work overtime, which Plaintiff once again stated he could not due to his disabilities, at which point Defendant Cabornida demanded Plaintiff come in to work overtime, which Plaintiff refused.

w) Defendant Cabornida then unlawfully told Plaintiff it was his responsibility to find someone to replace him on the overtime shift, directly evidencing his retaliatory animus.

x) However, Jessenia Rowe did nothing to remediate the harassment and discrimination that Plaintiff was facing based in substantial part on his disabilities, thereby ratifying and condoning said unlawful conduct and comments by Defendant Cabornida, directly evidencing her retaliatory animus.

y) Defendant Cabornida's harassing and discriminatory comments continued thereafter, evidencing his retaliatory animus based upon Plaintiff's complaints.

z) Moreover, in or around January 2020, as a result of his disabilities, Plaintiff pursued a Workers' Compensation claim.

aa) However, despite Defendant LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's disability, and status as transgender, Defendant LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic, thereby exacerbating Plaintiff's disability, and directly evidencing Defendant LACMTA's retaliatory animus.

bb) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

cc) In or around June 2019, Plaintiff returned from his leave and was placed on a shift in which his direct supervisor was Defendant Lead Bergquist.

dd) Upon Plaintiff's return, he experienced the same unlawful harassing and discriminatory conduct on account of his sex/gender, transgender, gender identity or expression, and/or sexual orientation.

ee) For instance, Defendant Bergquist referred to Cynthia Rivera as "Mini Rambo," in direct reference to her gender nonconforming appearance. Defendant Bergquist purposefully made this comment in the presence of Plaintiff in order to harass and discriminate, having known that Plaintiff is a transgender individual, directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

ff) In fact, Defendant Bergquist came to Plaintiff's shared workspace on a severe and/or pervasive basis, where Defendant Bergquist did not work, and made comments

regarding females, such as one directed towards Heavy Rail Inspector Esther Ang, "I was worried she was going to come to Third Shift but I guess she doesn't want to work, so she stayed on Second Shift."

gg) Defendant Bergquist made this and other gender-charged comments in order to harass, discriminate and intimidate Plaintiff. Defendant Bergquist going out of his way to come to an area where he did not work in order to make gender-charged comments in the presence of Plaintiff is yet more direct evidence of his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

hh) On or about June 20, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a Project Briefing meeting with Defendant Bergquist and Supervisor Moses Jones in which Defendant Bergquist was told to discuss the details of his current project with Plaintiff, give him copies of prints, take Plaintiff for an on-site walkthrough, among other things.

ii) The very next day, on or about June 21, 2019, Plaintiff noticed that Defendant Bergquist had, as a biased personnel management decision, assigned himself and another employee, Tuan Nguyen, to work on what Plaintiff was supposed to work on and assigned Plaintiff elsewhere, once again directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

jj) Moreover, on or about June 22, 2019, contrary to Plaintiff's request and without supervision talking to him beforehand, Plaintiff was forced into another project briefing meeting with Moses Jones, Joseph Cabornida, Brian Bergquist, Tuan Nguyen, and Mai Cowart.

kk) Supervisor Jones reiterated that he wanted Defendant Bergquist to share the previously requested information with Plaintiff, at which point Plaintiff informed Defendant Bergquist he had requested to be excused from the project completely. Supervisor Jones thereafter left rapidly, stating that it was a "Third shift issue," so it was not his responsibility.

II) To wit, Plaintiff explained that he was not interested in trying to force Defendant Bergquist to collaborate with him when he has a track record of clearly not being interested in doing so.

mm) In response, Defendant Bergquist brought up Plaintiff having reported him for his comments regarding Cynthia Rivera in 2016, explicitly admitting his discriminatory and retaliatory animus against Plaintiff from 2016 to 2019 for having complained regarding his unlawful comments, which violated both the FEHA and LACMTA policy. Egregiously, this comment was made in the presence of Manager Cabornida, to which there was no reaction and against which no remedial or disciplinary action was taken.

nn) Despite Defendant Bergquist's astonishing admission that he had been harassing, discriminating, and retaliating against Plaintiff for three years, Defendant Cabornida proceeded to tell Plaintiff that it was *his* attitude, *not* Defendant's Bergquist's behavior, that was causing Plaintiff's "problems," and that discussing the problem and/or seeking help was, in his opinion, unprofessional, thereby directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

oo) Further, Mr. Cabornida referred to the original complaint that Plaintiff filed in 2016 as "what [he] did to [Defendant Bergquist]," and stated that Plaintiff is making a power grab to "get [his] way," directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

pp) Defendant Cabornida finished the meeting by stating to Plaintiff that Defendant Bergquist was in charge, and that as long as he did not tell Plaintiff to do something unsafe, that Plaintiff *had to* do whatever Defendant Bergquist told him to do.

qq) On or about August 7, 2019, Plaintiff was called into a meeting in order to resolve the ongoing issues with Defendant Bergquist. Present at this meeting were Defendant Cabornida, Manager Ambrozich, and Director Moran.

rr) Once again, Defendant Bergquist berated Plaintiff and told him *in front of three different levels of management*, "If you don't like the way you are being treated, unemployment is very low, and you should go find another job." All three levels of

### **COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES**

supervisors sat by and watched and did nothing to remediate the unlawful harassment of and discrimination against Plaintiff, thereby ratifying and condoning Defendant Bergquist's conduct and directly evidencing their discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

ss) On or about November 15, 2019, while working at the Westlake Station, Plaintiff realized he had forgotten some equipment and asked Defendant Bergquist whether he had the equipment, to which Defendant Bergquist stated he did not, forcing Plaintiff to go retrieve the equipment.

tt) However, upon Plaintiff's return, Defendant Bergquist disclosed that *there was actually no work that needed to be done by Plaintiff on the rail*, demonstrating he had forced Plaintiff to go back and forth for no reason except to harass Plaintiff, thereby directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

uu) Towards the end of November 2019, Plaintiff managed to bid onto on a different shift, which would mean he would be away from Defendant Bergquist for at least six months. Subsequently, during the department's job briefing, Defendant Cabornida began criticizing the employees, including Plaintiff, for being behind on relay testing.

vv) In response, Plaintiff explained that they were behind because they had not been properly trained, at which point Defendant Bergquist shouted, "I am not going to listen to this individual," a direct reference to Plaintiff's transgender status and directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

ww) At that point, Plaintiff disclosed that he was changing shifts, to which Defendant Bergquist responded sarcastically, "I heard about the good news," and attempting to shake Plaintiff' hand in an effort to physically intimidate him, directly evidencing his discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

xx) After Plaintiff filed a Workers' Compensation claim as a result of the constant harassment and discrimination, and despite LACMTA's knowledge of Plaintiff's status as transgender, LACMTA sent him to a therapist whose office was located in a conversion therapy clinic, directly evidencing its discriminatory and retaliatory animus.

yy) Even worse, an entire wall of the waiting room where Plaintiff was left alone to complete paperwork for over two hours prior to being seen was decorated with framed book covers referencing the evils of homosexuality and promoting so-called "reparative therapy."

zz) When Plaintiff went into his evaluation, the doctor he spoke to, obviously having knowledge that Plaintiff is transgender, inquired and/or commented about the following:

i. About Plaintiff' plans (or lack thereof) for genital surgery;

Expressed skepticism regarding the number of trans people today as opposed to 30 years ago;

iii. Asked what Plaintiff name was previously;

iv. Asked which gender(s) Plaintiff was attracted to; and

v. Spoke about Dr. John Money as a respected researcher (Money claimed that gender identity is primarily learned, not innate).

aaa) Further, the scheduling letter for Plaintiff stated that the appointment would last between three and four hours, but he was kept for six hours.

bbb) After informing Defendant LACMTA regarding the incident at the conversion therapy clinic along with pictures as evidence, Defendant LACMTA's only response was to advise their third-party administrator, Pro-Health, not to refer Defendant LACMTA employees to that location anymore.

ccc) Defendant LACMTA once again failed to take proper measures and/or remediate Plaintiff's situation and the constant harassment, discrimination, and retaliation that he faced, thereby directly evidencing its retaliatory animus.

ddd) Plaintiff continues to be treated differently, disparately, and negatively because of his sex/gender, gender identity or expression, being transgender, and/or his sexual orientation, including but not limited to Defendants harassing Plaintiff (as aforesaid), denying Plaintiff opportunities, unfairly disciplining Plaintiff, and overly monitoring and scrutinizing Plaintiff.

eee) At least through the July 1, 2020, and continuing, Defendant LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, failed and/or refused to investigate Plaintiff's complaints and take appropriate remedial actions.

150. As a direct and legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendants and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff was rendered sick, sore, lame, disabled and/or disordered, both internally and/or externally, and suffered, among other things, emotional distress, including but not limited to shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety.

151. Prior to the initiation of this lawsuit, and pursuant to California <u>Gov. Code</u> §§ 900 et seq., Plaintiff filed a Claim for Damages form on or about March 2, 2020 in which Plaintiff alleged Defendants' unlawful conduct. Plaintiff has yet to receive a response from Defendant LACMTA, thus allowing Plaintiff to bring this action. Attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "C" is said notice.

152. As a further legal result of the acts and omissions of Defendants and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been forced to incur expenses for medical care, X-rays, and/or laboratory costs during the period of Plaintiff's disabilities, and is informed and believes, and/or thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will in the future be forced to incur additional expenses of the same nature, all in an amount which is at present unknown. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the exact amount of said expenses at the time of trial.

153. Prior to the occurrence of the incidents, Plaintiff was an able-bodied individual, but since said incidents has been unable to engage fully in Plaintiff's occupation, and/or is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff will be partially and/or fully incapacitated and/or unable to perform Plaintiff's usual work for an indefinite period of time in the future, all to Plaintiff's damages in an amount which is at present unascertained. Plaintiff will pray leave of court to show the total amount of loss of earnings at the time of trial.

154. As a further direct and legal result of the acts of Defendants and DOES 1 through 100, Plaintiff has been caused, and did suffer, and continues to suffer severe and/or permanent emotional and/or mental distress and anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort and/or anxiety. The exact nature and extent of said injuries is presently unknown to Plaintiff, who will pray leave of court to assert the same when they are ascertained.

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES 155. The aforementioned acts of Defendants Bergquist and Cabornida, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, were willful, wanton, malicious, intentional, oppressive and despicable and were done in willful and conscious disregard of the rights, welfare and safety of Plaintiff, thereby justifying the awarding of punitive and exemplary damages against Defendants Bergquist and Cabornida, and DOES 1 through 100, in an amount to be determined at the time of trial pursuant to Cal. <u>Civil Code</u> § 3294(a) and (b).

156. By the aforesaid acts and conduct of Defendants and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, Plaintiff has been directly and legally caused to suffer actual damages pursuant to California <u>Civil Code</u> § 3333 including, but not limited to, loss of earnings and future earning capacity, medical and related expenses for care and procedures both now and in the future, attorneys' fees, and other pecuniary loss not presently ascertained, for which Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend when ascertained.

157. As a result of the unlawful acts of Defendants and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of said suit as specifically provided in Cal. <u>C.C.P.</u> § 1021.5. Plaintiff's action enforces important rights affecting the public interest by bringing forth this lawsuit to ensure Defendants refrain from intentionally inflicting emotional distress on others (employees/coworkers), thereby conferring a significant benefit on the general public's health and well-being as a result. The necessity and financial burden of this private enforcement, as well as the interest of justice, entitles Plaintiff to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs under Cal. C.C.P. § 1021.5.

158. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

159. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court.

WHEREFORE, PLAINTIFF JESS REYNOLDS prays for judgment against the Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

1. For general damages in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court;

2. For special damages in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court;

3. For medical expenses and related items of expense, according to proof;

- 4. For loss of earnings, according to proof;
- 5. For consequential and incidental damages according to proof;

### **COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES**

1	6. For prejudgment interest according to proof;						
2	7. For declaratory relief;						
3	8. For injunctive relief;						
4	9. For damages, penalties and attorneys' fees and costs of suit as provided for by Cal. <u>Gov.</u>						
5	<u>Code</u> § 12965(b);						
6	10. For civil penalties for each violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5.						
7	11. For punitive and exemplary damages as provided for by Cal. Civil Code § 3294, against						
8	Defendants Bergquist and Cabornida, and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, only;						
9	12. For damages, penalties and costs of suit as provided for by California Civil Code § 3333;						
10	13. For damages, penalties and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit against Defendant						
11	LACMTA and DOES 1 through 100, and each of them, as provided for by California Code of						
12	Civil Procedure § 1021.5, according to proof;						
13	14. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.						
14							
15							
16	Dated: July 1, 2020 REISNER & KING LLP						
17	HE						
18	By:						
19	NIRAN GRIMBERG Attorneys for PLAINTIFF						
20	JESS REYNOLDS						
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27							
28							
	79 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES						

## EXHIBIT "A"



DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING 2218 Kausen Drive, Suite 100 I Elk Grove I CA I 95758 (800) 884-1684 (Voice) I (800) 700-2320 (TTY) | California's Relay Service at 711 http://www.dfeh.ca.gov I Email: contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov

July 1, 2020

Adam Reisner 15303 VENTURA BLVD STE 1260 Sherman Oaks, California 91403

### RE: Notice to Complainant's Attorney DFEH Matter Number: 202003-09464203

Right to Sue: Reynolds / Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority

Dear Adam Reisner:

Attached is a copy of your **amended** complaint of discrimination filed with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) pursuant to the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, Government Code section 12900 et seq.

Pursuant to Government Code section 12962, DFEH will not serve these documents on the employer. You or your client must serve the complaint.

The amended complaint is deemed to have the same filing date of the original complaint. This is not a new Right to Sue letter. The original Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue issued in this case remains the only such notice provided by the DFEH. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 2, § 10022.)

Be advised that the DFEH does not review or edit the complaint form to ensure that it meets procedural or statutory requirements.

Sincerely,

Department of Fair Employment and Housing

1	COMPLAINT OF EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION BEFORE THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA							
2	DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING							
3	Under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.)							
4								
5	In the Matter of the Complaint of Jess Reynolds DFEH No. 202003-09464203							
6	Complainant,							
7	vs.							
8	Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation							
9	Authority One Gateway Plaza							
10	Los Angeles, California 90012							
11	Brian Bergquist							
12	3							
13	Joseph Cabornida							
14	, Despendents							
15	Respondents							
16	1. Respondent Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority is an							
17	employer subject to suit under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.).							
18 19	2. Complainant <b>Jess Reynolds</b> , resides in the City of <b>Sherman Oaks</b> State of <b>California.</b>							
20								
	3. Complainant alleges that on or about <b>March 2, 2020</b> , respondent took the following adverse actions:							
21	<b>Complainant was harassed</b> because of complainant's sex/gender, gender identity							
22	or expression, sexual orientation, family care or medical leave (cfra) (employers of							
23	50 or more people), disability (physical or mental), medical condition (cancer or genetic characteristic), sexual harassment- hostile environment, association with a							
24	member of a protected class.							
25								
26	1							
27	-1- Complaint – DFEH No. 202003-09464203							
28	Date Filed: March 2, 2020 Date Amended: July 1, 2020							

1 Complainant was discriminated against because of complainant's sex/gender, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, family care or medical leave (cfra) 2 (employers of 50 or more people), disability (physical or mental), medical condition (cancer or genetic characteristic), sexual harassment- hostile environment, 3 association with a member of a protected class and as a result of the discrimination was denied hire or promotion, reprimanded, denied equal pay, suspended, demoted, 4 asked impermissible non-job-related questions, denied any employment benefit or 5 privilege, denied reasonable accommodation for a disability, denied family care or medical leave (cfra) (employers of 50 or more people), denied work opportunities or 6 assignments, denied or forced to transfer. 7 Complainant experienced retaliation because complainant reported or resisted any form of discrimination or harassment, requested or used a disability-related 8 accommodation, participated as a witness in a discrimination or harassment 9 complaint, requested or used leave under the california family rights act or fmla (employers of 50 or more people) and as a result was denied hire or promotion, 10 reprimanded, denied equal pay, suspended, demoted, asked impermissible non-jobrelated questions, denied any employment benefit or privilege, denied reasonable 11 accommodation for a disability, denied family care or medical leave (cfra) (employers of 50 or more people), denied or forced to transfer. 12 13 Additional Complaint Details: I was harassed, discriminated and retaliated against 14 due to my and in association with others, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, and for protesting and complaining. I was denied transfer and 15 opportunities, forced to work in a hostile work environment, called demeaning 16 names, ignored, leered and stared at, yelled at, abused. I was referred to as the "individual" and congratulated for getting away from the abuser. I was a witness to 17 threats of violence and sexual orientation harassment. I protested and was punished, including most recently, I was told by my shift lead that I was being 18 punished in terms of training and communication because I had protested his actions. I complained and escalated to human resources, but nothing has been 19 done to stop and correct the conduct. My lead continues to be abusive, and deny be 20 training and opportunities. My employer failed to investigate and take appropriate remedial action. I was sent by my employer to a sexual orientation conversion doctor 21 who asked inappropriate questions and demeaned and harassed me with questions. 22 23 24 25 26 27 -2-Complaint – DFEH No. 202003-09464203 28 Date Filed: March 2, 2020 Date Amended: July 1, 2020

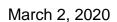
### 1 VERIFICATION

I, Adam Reisner, am the Attorney in the above-entitled complaint. I have read the foregoing complaint and know the contents thereof. The matters alleged are based on information and belief, which I believe to be true.

On July 1, 2020, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of
California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Sherman Oaks, California

http://www.dfeh.ca.gov I Email: contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov



Adam Reisner 15303 VENTURA BLVD STE 1260 Sherman Oaks, California 91403

#### RE: Notice to Complainant's Attorney

DFEH Matter Number: 202003-09464203 Right to Sue: Reynolds / Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority et al.

Dear Adam Reisner:

Attached is a copy of your complaint of discrimination filed with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) pursuant to the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, Government Code section 12900 et seg. Also attached is a copy of your Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue.

Pursuant to Government Code section 12962, DFEH will not serve these documents on the employer. You must serve the complaint separately, to all named respondents. Please refer to the attached Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue for information regarding filing a private lawsuit in the State of California. A courtesy "Notice of Filing of Discrimination Complaint" is attached for your convenience.

Be advised that the DFEH does not review or edit the complaint form to ensure that it meets procedural or statutory requirements.

Sincerely,

Department of Fair Employment and Housing

1	COMPLAINT OF EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION BEFORE THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA								
2	DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT AND HOUSING								
3	Under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.)								
4	In the Matter of the Complaint of								
5	Jess Reynolds DFEH No. 202003-09464203								
6	Complainant,								
7	VS.								
8	Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation								
9	Authority One Gateway Plaza								
10	Los Angeles, California 90012								
11	Brian Bergquist								
12	1								
13	Respondents								
14	1. Respondent Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority is an employer subject to suit under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.).								
15									
16	2. Complainant <b>Jess Reynolds</b> , resides in the City of <b>Sherman Oaks</b> State of								
17	California.								
18	3. Complainant alleges that on or about March 2, 2020, respondent took the								
19	following adverse actions:								
20	<b>Complainant was harassed</b> because of complainant's sex/gender, gender identity								
21	or expression, sexual orientation, family care or medical leave (cfra) (employers of 50 or more people), disability (physical or mental), medical condition (cancer or								
22	genetic characteristic), sexual harassment- hostile environment, association with a member of a protected class.								
23	<b>Complainant was discriminated against</b> because of complainant's sex/gender,								
24	gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, family care or medical leave (cfra)								
25	(employers of 50 or more people), disability (physical or mental), medical condition (cancer or genetic characteristic), sexual harassment- hostile environment,								
26									
27	-1- Complaint – DFEH No. 202003-09464203								
28	Date Filed: March 2, 2020								

1 2 3 4	association with a member of a protected class and as a result of the discrimination was denied hire or promotion, reprimanded, denied equal pay, suspended, demoted, asked impermissible non-job-related questions, denied any employment benefit or privilege, denied reasonable accommodation for a disability, denied family care or medical leave (cfra) (employers of 50 or more people), denied work opportunities or assignments, denied or forced to transfer.
5	<b>Complainant experienced retaliation</b> because complainant reported or resisted
6	any form of discrimination or harassment, requested or used a disability-related accommodation, participated as a witness in a discrimination or harassment
7	complaint, requested or used leave under the california family rights act or fmla (employers of 50 or more people) and as a result was denied hire or promotion,
8	reprimanded, denied equal pay, suspended, demoted, asked impermissible non-job- related questions, denied any employment benefit or privilege, denied reasonable
9 10	accommodation for a disability, denied family care or medical leave (cfra) (employers of 50 or more people), denied or forced to transfer.
11	Additional Complaint Datailar I was baraged, discriminated and ratalisted against
12	Additional Complaint Details: I was harassed, discriminated and retaliated against due to my and in association with others, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity,
13	disability, and for protesting and complaining. I was denied transfer and opportunities, forced to work in a hostile work environment, called demeaning
14	names, ignored, leered and stared at, yelled at, abused. I was referred to as the "individual" and congratulated for getting away from the abuser. I was a witness to
15	threats of violence and sexual orientation harassment. I protested and was
16	punished, including most recently, I was told by my shift lead that I was being punished in terms of training and communication because I had protested his
17	actions. I complained and escalated to human resources, but nothing has been done to stop and correct the conduct. My lead continues to be abusive, and deny be
18	training and opportunities. My employer failed to investigate and take appropriate remedial action. I was sent by my employer to a sexual orientation conversion doctor
19	who asked inappropriate questions and demeaned and harassed me with questions.
20	
21	
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23	
24	
25	
26	
27	-2- Complaint – DFEH No. 202003-09464203
28	Date Filed: March 2, 2020

### 1 VERIFICATION

I, Adam Reisner, am the Attorney in the above-entitled complaint. I have read the foregoing complaint and know the contents thereof. The matters alleged are based on information and belief, which I believe to be true.

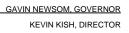
On March 2, 2020, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of
California that the foregoing is true and correct.

-3-

Complaint – DFEH No. 202003-09464203

Sherman Oaks, California

## EXHIBIT "B"





#### DEPARTMENT OF FAIR EMPLOYMENT & HOUSING 2218 Kausen Drive, Suite 100 I Elk Grove I CA I 95758 (800) 884-1684 (Voice) I (800) 700-2320 (TTY) | California's Relay Service at 711 http://www.dfeh.ca.gov I Email: contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov

March 2, 2020

Jess Reynolds c/o Reisner & King LLP 15303 Ventura Blvd., Suite 1260 Sherman Oaks, California 91403

### RE: Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue DFEH Matter Number: 202003-09464203 Right to Sue: Reynolds / Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority et al.

Dear Jess Reynolds,

This letter informs you that the above-referenced complaint was filed with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH) has been closed effective March 2, 2020 because an immediate Right to Sue notice was requested. DFEH will take no further action on the complaint.

This letter is also your Right to Sue notice. According to Government Code section 12965, subdivision (b), a civil action may be brought under the provisions of the Fair Employment and Housing Act against the person, employer, labor organization or employment agency named in the above-referenced complaint. The civil action must be filed within one year from the date of this letter.

To obtain a federal Right to Sue notice, you must contact the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) to file a complaint within 30 days of receipt of this DFEH Notice of Case Closure or within 300 days of the alleged discriminatory act, whichever is earlier.

Sincerely,

Department of Fair Employment and Housing

# EXHIBIT "C"

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority One Gateway Plaza, Mail Stop 99-PL-4, Los Angeles, CA 90012-2952

### Please type or print.

CLAIMANT INFORMATION:					
Reynolds	Jess	Eitan	Claim number & Receipt date		
Last Name Signal Inspector	First Name XXX - XX - 0452	Middle Name/Initial			
Occupation	Social Security Number	12/17/1981 Birth Date			
840 South Hobart Bl	vd., Apt 608	birdi Date			
Street Address Los Angeles, Califo:	rnia 90005	626-644-8600	- Sector -		
City   State   Zip		Telephone Number			
IF CLAIMANT IS A MINOR, PAR	ENT OR GUARDIAN INFORM	MATION:			
Last Name	First Name	Middle Name/Initial			
Street Address			-		
City   State   Zip		Telephone Number	—		
IF YOU HAVE AN ATTORNEY PL	EASE COMPLETE THIS SECT	ION:			
Last Name	First Name	Middle Name/Initial	Telephone Number		
Last Name Street Address NCIDENT INFORMATION:	First Name	Middle Name/Initial City   State   Zip	Telephone Number		
Street Address NCIDENT INFORMATION: lease indicate if you were a Metro bus	or Metro Rail passenger: Y	City   State   Zip			
Street Address NCIDENT INFORMATION: Please indicate if you were a Metro bus bus pl	or Metro Rail passenger: 🏼 Y atform 🗌 parking lot	City   State   Zip és 🗶 No	X other Current Employ		
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Street Address  NCIDENT INFORMATION:  Please indicate if you were a Metro bus  Dus  rail pl Other than bus or rail car, vehicle of Accident Date From 9/2/20 Direction Direction Speed W Boarding Point W NER OF PRIVATE VEHICLE PL Name Address Telephone	or Metro Rail passenger: Y atform parking lot description D19 - 3/2 fine 20 n Which Street eather EASE COMPLETE THIS SECT Vehicle: Year	City   State   Zip	X other Current Employ		

#### Please type or print.

## CLAIMANT PLEASE COMPLETE THIS SECTION:

- 8. Describe what occurred (if necessary, you may add another page): Abused by Brian Bergquist, Shift Lead. I was subjected to Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress, Whistleblower violations, by shift leader Brian Bergquist, at my job working as a signal inspector for location 64, and cost center 3926.
- 9. What particular act or omission do you claim caused the injury or damage? Please give a detailed description. I was demeaned and abused for reporting a violent threat and safety issues. My lead shift has punished me for protesting, and because of my gender identity. I was also sent to a sexual orientation conversion clinic by LA M.
- 10. What property damage or bodily injury do you claim? Give full extent of damage or injury claimed: I was asked improper Severe emotional distress damages, loss of earnings, Q's.

denied opportunities and training. Denied transfer.

11. The amount claimed if under \$10,000 as of the date of presentation together with the basis of computation thereof. Attach medical bills and/or repair estimates.

TBD

12. Name(s) and address(es) of witness(es):

LA Metro H	Employees	s, Cynthia	Rivera	a, Mai	Cowart,	Ricardo	o Moran	, Gary	
		Cabornida							
others.									

- Name(s) and address(es) of doctor(s):
- 14. Dates of prior claims against the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (METRO) or Southern California Rapid Transit District (RTD). If none, write "None".

None. -2-20 Signature 6f Claima

Claims arising after January 1, 1988 must be filed within 6 months from the date of accident. For Law governing filing of claim and statute of limitations as to filing action see Chapter 201 Statutes 1987 (Sec 900 ET SEQ Government Code). For your protection California Law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in State Prison. Added by Stats. 1989, c. 1119, S 3.

> Please mail your claim to: Metro Board Secretary's Office – Legal Services One Gateway Plaza, 99-PL-4, Los Angeles, CA 90012-2952



19-2024PS @2019 LACMT